From: Emma Peters <sweepconsultancy@gmail.com> on behalf of emma

< Emma@sweepconsultancy.co.nz>

Sent: Thursday, 4 March 2021 10:33 p.m.

To: District Plan Submissions

Subject: Email 1 of 2: Submission of Gladstone Family Trust - Chain Hills Park - Residential Rezone

Pursuant to a Structure Plan

Attachments: Submission Form 5 - Gladstone Family Trust - Chain Hills Park Residential Rezone.PDF; Variation

2 Submission Notes - Gladstone Family Trust - Chain Hills Park Residential Rezone.pdf; Variation

2 Submission Notes - Gladstone Family Trust - Table 1.pdf

Follow Up Flag: Follow up Flag Status: Completed

Categories: Follow up with Paul

Hi,

Please find attached the following documents forming the submission of Gladstone Family Trust in relation to the residential rezone of Chain Hills Park pursuant to a structure plan:

- Completed Form 5;
- Submission Notes;
- Table 1;
- Structure Plan;
- Landscape Figures and Report.

I will send the Landscape Figures and Report in email 2.

Please confirm receipt of both emails.

Cheers,

Emma Peters Consultant Sweep Consultancy Limited P.O. Box 5724 Dunedin 9054 Phone 0274822214 www.sweepconsultancy.co.nz

From: Emma Peters <sweepconsultancy@gmail.com> on behalf of emma

<Emma@sweepconsultancy.co.nz>

Sent: Thursday, 4 March 2021 10:34 p.m.

To: District Plan Submissions

Subject: Email 2 of 2: Submission of Gladstone Family Trust - Chain Hills Park - Residential Rezone

Pursuant to a Structure Plan

Attachments: Chains Hills Gladstone Family Trust 4-03-21.pdf; Chain Hills Rd, Gladstone Family Trust

4-03-21.pdf

Follow Up Flag: Follow up Flag Status: Completed

Categories: Follow up with Paul

Attached: Landscape Figures and report.

Cheers,

Emma Peters Consultant Sweep Consultancy Limited P.O. Box 5724 Dunedin 9054 Phone 0274822214 www.sweepconsultancy.co.nz

From: Emma Peters <sweepconsultancy@gmail.com> on behalf of emma

< Emma@sweepconsultancy.co.nz>

Sent: Thursday, 4 March 2021 03:23 a.m.

To: District Plan Submissions

Subject: Submission of Gladstone Family Trust - SPMA for 90 and 98 & 100 Gladstone Road North &

Amendments to Some Provisions

Attachments: Submission Form 5 - Gladstone Family Trust.PDF; Variation 2 Submission Notes - Gladstone

Family Trust - SMPA for 90, 98 & 100 Gladstone Road North.pdf; Townhouses 4#90 and 6#

98-100 Gladstone Rd North.pdf

Follow Up Flag: Follow up Flag Status: Completed

Categories: Nat

Hi,

Please find attached the following documents forming the submission of Gladstone Family Trust in relation to the application of a SPMA to 90 and 98 & 100 Gladstone Road North.

- Completed Form 5;
- · Submission Notes; and
- A pdf containing the two structure plans.

Please confirm receipt of this email.

Cheers,

Emma Peters Consultant Sweep Consultancy Limited P.O. Box 5724 Dunedin 9054 Phone 0274822214 www.sweepconsultancy.co.nz

From: Emma Peters <sweepconsultancy@gmail.com> on behalf of emma

<Emma@sweepconsultancy.co.nz>

Sent: Monday, 15 March 2021 06:29 p.m.

To: District Plan Submissions

Subject: Re: Variation 2 submission completed

Follow Up Flag: Follow up Flag Status: Flagged

Categories: Roxy

Hi,

Thank you for the confirmation below of the submission from Gladstone Family Trust in relation to 90 Gladstone Rd North and 98/100 Gladstone Rd North.

There was also another submission from Gladstone Family Trust in relation to 'Chain Hills Park'. Have the details for that submission been entered yet?

Cheers,

Emma Peters Consultant Sweep Consultancy Limited P.O. Box 5724 Dunedin 9054 Phone 0274822214 www.sweepconsultancy.co.nz

On 8/03/2021 11:48 am, districtplansubmissions@dcc.govt.nz wrote:

Submission Form Submitted

Thank you for taking the time to submit on Variation 2

Below is a copy of your submission:

Reference number 808925

Submitter name

Gladstone family Trust Gladstone family Trust

Organisation

Contact person/agent

Emma Peters, Consultant, Sweep Consultancy Ltd

Postal address

Po Box 5724 Dunedin Dunedin 9054

Fmail

emma@sweepconsultancy.co.nz

Contact phone number

I could gain an advantage in trade competition through this submission

If you could gain an advantage in trade competition through this submission please select an answer

Variation 2 change ID

Application of structure plan mapped area to 90 Gladstone Rd North and 98/100 Gladstone Rd North

Provision name and number, or address and map layer name

All provisions relating to townhouses and duplexes

My submission seeks the following decision from the Council

Accept the change

Details

Reasons for my views

See attached submission notes.

Supporting documents (file name/s)

V2-S-Gladstone-Family-Trust-04.03.2021.pdf, type application/pdf, 3.8 MB

Do you wish to speak in support of your submission at a hearing

Yes

If others make a similar submission, would you consider presenting a joint case at a hearing Yes

VARIATION 2 - ADDITIONAL HOUSING CAPACITY



SUBMISSION FORM 5

CLAUSE 6 OF FIRST SCHEDULE, RESOURCE MANAGEMENT ACT 1991

This is a submission on Variation 2 to the Second Generation Dunedin City District Plan (2GP). Your submission must be lodged with the Dunedin City Council by midnight on 4 March 2021. All parts of the form must be completed.

Privacy

Please note that submissions are public. Your name, organisation, contact details and submission will be included in papers that are available to the media and the public, including publication on the DCC website, and will be used for processes associated with Variation 2. This information may also be used for statistical and reporting purposes. If you would like a copy of the personal information we hold about you, or to have the information corrected, please contact us at dcc@dcc.govt.nz or 03 477 4000.

Make your submission

Online: www.dunedin.govt.nz/2GP-variation-2 | Email: districtplansubmissions@dcc.govt.nz

Post to: Submission on Variation 2, Dunedin City Council, PO Box 5045, Dunedin 9054

Deliver to: Customer Services Agency, Dunedin City Council, Ground Floor, 50 The Octogon, Dunedin

Submitter details (You must supply a postal and/or electronic address for service)

rirst name: C	ladstone tarning	IVUST				
Last name:						
Organisation (if	applicable):					
Contact person/	agent (if different to submitter):	Emma	Veters,	Consultant,	Sweep Consu	ultancy (to
Postal address fo	or service: P.O. Box	5724				
Suburb:						
City/town:	Dunedin				Postcode:	9054
Email address:	emma e sweep	onsulta	mcy-co	. พ่น		

Trade competition

Please note: If you are a person who could gain an advantage in trade competition through your submission, your right to make a submission may be limited by clause 6(4), Schedule 1 of the Resource Management Act.

I could gain an advantage in trade competition through this submission:

Yes No

If you answered yes, you could gain an advantage in trade competition through this submissio, n please select an answer:

Yes No

My submission relates to an effect that I am directly affected by and that:

a. adversely affects the environment; and

b. does not relate to trade competition or the effects of trade competition.

Submission

Submissions on Variation 2 can only be made on the provisions or mapping, which are proposed to change or alternatives that are clearly within the scope of the 'purpose of the proposals', as stated in the Section 32 report. Submissions on other aspects of the 2GP are not allowed as part of this process.

You must indicate which parts of the variation your submission relates to. You can do this by either:

- making a submission on the Variation Change ID (in which case we will treat your submission as applying to all changes related to that change topic or alternatives within the scope of the purpose of that proposal); or
- · on specific provisions that are being amended.



The specific aspects of Variation 2 that my submission relates to are:

Variation 2 change ID (please see accompanying Variation 2 - Summary of Changes document or find the list on www.dunedin.govt.nz/2GP-variation-2

Residential rezore of 21,43,55,65,45,77.79,111 still chain thils ked pursuent to a For example: D2 structure plan of application of a structure plan mapped area.

Provision name and number, or address and map layer name (where submitting on a specific proposed amendment):

All provisions relating to NOMA For example: Rule 15.5.2 Density or zoning of 123 street name.

My submission seeks the following decision from the Council: (Please give precise details, such as what you would like us to retain or remove, or suggest amended wording.)

Accept the change

Accept the change with amendments outlined below

Reject the change

If the change is not rejected, amend as outlined below

Coe attached submission notes

Reasons for my views (you may attach supporting documents):

If you wish to make multiple submissions, you can use the submission table on page 3 or attach additional pages.

cee attached cobmission notes

Hearings

Do you wish to speak in support of your submission at a hearing:

If others make a similar submission, would you consider presenting a joint case at a hearing:

see attached submission notes

Signature: 2/ Emma Veters, Consultant, Sweep Consultancy Date: 4/3/21

Proposed Residential Re-zoning, Gladstone Family Trust Properties, Chain Hills, Mosgiel.

Landscape and Visual Effects Assessment Report 3 March 2021



Prepared by

MIKE MOORE

BSc, Dip LA, MRRP, ANZILA

LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT

Po box 5076, Dunedin

Tel (03)479 0833 . fax (03) 479 0834 . cell 0274 360 163

Email mike@mmla.co.nz

Introduction

The Gladstone Family Trust is seeking a residential rezone of the property it controls at the following locations, collectively referred to as the 'rezone site'. The properties included are 21, 43, 55, 65, 75, 77, 79, 111 and 121 Chain Hills Road. The rezone site contains approximately 54 ha, although part of this area is already rezoned *Low Density Residential* via the 2GP decision and appeal process. The land is currently zoned as follows in the 2GP:

- 21, 43, 55, 65, 79 and 111 Chain Hills Road are zoned Rural Residential 1
- 77 Chain Hills Road is zoned Rural Hill Slopes, Rural Residential 1, and Low Density Residential. An area (red hatched on the plan) is subject to a 2GP appeal and is awaiting drafting of a consent memorandum to rezone Low Density Residential.
- 121 Chain Hills Road is zoned Rural Hill Slopes.

The Gladstone Family Trust is seeking to rezone the site residential with a mixture of zonings including *General Residential 1, Low Density Residential or Large Lot Residential 1, and Large Lot Residential 2.* The Trust has developed a structure plan which is shown in **Figure 1,** which illustrates the proposed rezoning.

The purpose of this report is to provide a landscape assessment of the proposed rezoning. This will be structured as follows:

- Site and area description
- The proposed rezoning
- Recommended mitigation measures
- Landscape and visual effects
- Conclusion

Site and area description

The rezone site is located on the north-western side of Chain Hills on generally north-western facing slopes overlooking Mosgiel. It is accessed from Chain Hills Road, Pinfold Place, and Irwin Logan Drive, and via Right of way from Woodland Avenue. The property has frontage on its south-western boundary to State Highway 1 and ranges in elevation from approximately 30 – 170m asl.

The underlying geology is schist and the landform is expressive of the characteristic Otago Peneplain surface with broad, gently sloping spurs, dissected by steeper gullies. The property extends to a portion of the summit ridge of Chain Hills and to parts of various secondary ridges, along with the intervening gullies; and drains toward Owhiro Stream.

The land is predominantly under pasture cover and grazed, but on the steeper gully slopes there are areas of both native and exotic scrub. At higher elevation within the southern gully there are stands of Kanuka forest. There are no buildings currently existing on the site except for a woolshed and yards located within 75 and 79 Chain Hills Road, and a tractor shed located within 121 Chain Hills Road, accessed from Pinfold Place. A number of farm tracks are also present as well as retention ponds in the gully system.

The wider landscape context of the rezone site is the north-western side of Chain Hills. This landform rises to approximately 170m and forms the topographical containment and backdrop to the northern Taieri Plain and Mosgiel. It slopes relatively steeply on this north-western side, expressing the scarp associated with the Titri fault. The plateau ridge-top is rural residential in character and zoning, with buildings concentrated near Chain Hills Road. Due to the plateau landform, these have only moderate levels of visibility from the Taieri Plain.

Currently, the steeper, less accessible mid-slope areas (including much of the site) remain rural in character and zoning, and are mainly held in small holdings. The result is that the hill slopes are a complex patchwork of pasture, woodlot (of various species and ages) and scrub cover. Urban development is extending gradually up the lower slopes of Chain Hills from Wingatui to Mosgiel with development currently underway in the area below the site to approximately 105m elevation.

The 2GP has zoned a spur above Irwin Logan Drive Low Density Residential, to approximately the 115m contour, and the slopes above this (see Figures 1 and 2) are also to be zoned Low Density Residential up approximately the 145m contour, via consent memorandum resulting from a 2GP appeal. Residential development in these areas (to a maximum density of 750m²) will significantly alter the current rural / urban interface and pattern on the hill slopes. South-west of State Highway 1, there is Large Lot Residential 1 zoning on the toe slopes of Saddle Hill to approx. the 130m contour with Rural zoned land above.

Figure 2 illustrates the character of the site and area as viewed from Mosgiel.

In terms of recognized landscape values, there is no landscape overlay on Chain Hills in the 2GP, but Appendix A7.5 outlines rural character values associated with the *Rural - Hill Slopes* zone. These include its role in providing backdrop and enclosure to urban areas with a 'predominantly unbuilt natural' character (i.e. natural features predominate over human made features). It also notes that there are some areas of 'important and varied biodiversity' including some 'scattered indigenous vegetation dominated by Kanuka' on the Taieri slopes.

My assessment of the landscape values of this part of the Chain Hills is that whilst they form a visually prominent backdrop to the Taieri Plain and Mosgiel, their natural / rural landscape values are now highly modified by the presence of houses on the summit area and by the incoherent patchwork of pasture and woodlots that affects the legibility of the natural landform on the northern slopes overlooking the Taieri Plain. In the area of the rezone site, the predominant pasture cover and presence in some places of scrub and

indigenous vegetation in the gullies, contribute positively to natural landform legibility and open rural landscape character.

The proposed rezoning

The proposed rezoning is illustrated in Figure 1 and proposes various residential zones as follows:

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	top landform, currently		W	,
	under pasture cover. A			

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plateau - ridgetop landform, e				е	

l I				
	currently under pasture		n	
	cover. Adjacent to lineal		е	
	residential development		r	
	along Chain Hills Road to		а	
	the south. A predominantly		1	
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	Gently – moderately sloping	F	L L	2
	upper secondary spur top		а	
	landforms, currently under		r	
	pasture cover with gullies		g	
	separating. Areas of		е	
	regenerating kanuka forest in the gullies. A		ı	
	predominantly westerly		0	
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d	Gently – steeply sloping mid	R	L	2
	elevation secondary spur		а	
	landforms, currently under		r	
	pasture cover with gullies		g	
	separating. Some areas of		е	
	scrub in the gullies. A			
	predominantly north-		L	
	westerly aspect.		0	
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H	Broad, gently sloping	R	LL	2

secondary spur landform		a	
under pasture cover.		r	
Modified to an extent by		g	
earthworks associated with		е	
State Highway 1			
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Flat – gently sloping summit	R	G	5
plateau - ridgetop landform,		e	
currently under pasture		n	
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	Steep north and west facing	F	R R	1
	lower level gully sides		u	
	largely scrub or rough		r	
	pasture covered.		а	
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	Flat – gently sloping summit	F	G	5
	plateau - ridgetop landform,		е	
	currently under pasture		n	
	cover. Adjacent to existing		е	

T T				
	lineal residential		r	
	development along Chain		а	
	Hills Road. A predominantly		I	
	westerly aspect.			
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4	Steeply sloping gully head	F	R	2
	landform near the summit		u	
	ridge with eroding areas.		r	
	Largely rough pasture and		a	
	scrub covered and with a		į	
	predominantly north-west			
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M	Steep sided south-west	F	L L	3
	facing gully landforms,		а	
	largely under pasture cover.		r	
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N	Gently sloping valley floor	F	(G	5
	area orientating north-west.		e	
	Some existing tracking but		n	
	largely under grass cover.		e r	
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The structure plan provides for native bush regeneration areas within some of the gullies. It also provides for a road link connecting Chain Hills Road and Irwin Logan Drive, and a walking access link, from this road to Woodland Avenue.

The broad pattern that would eventually arise from this zoning and associated development can be described as follows:

- Dense residential urban character on the western side of Chain Hills Road on the flatter summit plateau area.
- Residential character at various densities on the secondary ridge forms with the steeper gully areas remaining un-built and increasingly tree covered.
- Dense residential urban character as an extension of adjacent residential areas on the lower spurs and in the Area N valley floor area.

Recommended mitigation measures

Chain Hills is a prominent natural landform feature that visually 'contains' the northern Taieri Plain, separating it from the Kaikorai catchment. Its natural character / rural amenity attributes have been diluted by small scale rural and rural-residential subdivision and development, but its remaining natural landscape character attributes should be protected and enhanced to the extent possible to ensure that Dunedin maintains a coherent and attractive landscape.

The proposed rezoning will extend the residential urban environment of Mosgiel up the lower and mid slopes of the hills, and will significantly expand an existing node of residential development, creating an area with urban character on the Chain Hills summit. The currently largely unbuilt mid-slope areas will be modified by housing on the secondary spur forms, and low density urban character with more tree'd gully areas will replace open rural pasture.

To retain as much natural landscape character as possible with the proposed residential built density, and to retain as much of an open space / natural landscape linkage along the north-western face of Chain Hills as possible, the following mitigation measures are recommended:

- 1. The gullies are to be revegetated in locally appropriate indigenous forest cover to the extent generally indicated in Figure 3 and in general accordance with the establishment and management principles outlined in Appendix A.
- 2. All buildings within plan areas D, E, F, G, H, I and M are to be finished in materials and / or colours that minimise visual prominence and contrast with the colours of the natural landscape elements (grass and trees). Painted finishes are to have LRV's of no more than 30%.
- 3. Within plan areas D, F, G, H and M, development is to be planned and designed to minimise the need for earthworks. No retaining walls of more than 2m height are permitted and earthworks are to be designed to blend with surrounding natural contours.

Proposed Residential Re-zoning, Gladstone Family Trust Properties, Chain Hills, Mosgiel, Landscape / Visual Effects Assessment

- 4. Within plan areas E and I, buildings shall be no more than 7m high, to minimise the visual impact of built form on the summit as viewed from lower elevation viewpoints.
- 5. Public walking access through the area is to be provided for more or less as indicated in Figure 3 to provide for enjoyment of the revegetated gullies / rural areas, and to provide for good levels of connectivity.

Landscape and visual effects assessment

As discussed above, Chain Hills are a visually prominent natural landscape feature providing containment to the North-Taieri plain and Mosgiel to the south-east. Their rural amenity values, landform legibility and aesthetic coherence have been considerably eroded over recent decades, on their north-western side at least, by small scale rural, and rural residential subdivision and development, resulting in an incoherent land use pattern to a large extent. Whilst the broad summit plateau / ridge is host to a relatively densely settled rural residential area, the visual prominence of built form on the summit as viewed from lower viewpoints remains relatively low, given the flat summit surface and screening by landform and vegetation. Overall, it is my assessment that whilst the landscape and visual values of Chain Hills have been seriously compromised, their sensitivity to change remains moderate – high on account of their visual prominence and importance as a structural element defining different landscapes (Taieri / Kaikorai) within the City.

The proposed rezoning will result in:

- The significant expansion of an existing, isolated small node of residential urban character on the flatter summit plateau area of Chain Hills.
- Residential character at various densities on the secondary ridge forms with the steeper gully areas remaining un-built and progressively returning to indigenous forest cover.
- Dense residential urban character as an extension of adjacent residential areas on the lower spurs and in the Area N valley floor area.

In my assessment, the extension of the current urban edge of Mosgiel up the lower slope areas of Chain Hills will integrate with the landscape character and quality well. Any adverse effects associated with this will be low (minor).

The spread of residential land use into the mid-slope spur areas will be a significant departure for the Chain Hills landscape. The existing sense of the

urban area of Mosgiel being enclosed within a rural context will be substantially weakened, giving rise to an adverse effect in my assessment. Mitigating this, the proposed residential density is necessarily low, given the landform constraints, and mitigation measures to minimise built prominence and maximise the impact of natural elements are proposed. Importantly, the natural character and indigenous biodiversity values of the gully system will be enhanced and the natural landform pattern (developed spurs and natural gullies) will be strongly expressed. I assess landscape and visual effects as adverse / high in the short term — reducing to adverse / moderate as plantings soften built impact and enhance the character of the gullies. I note that development at this elevation on the hill is similar to that in the Braeside area on the hills to the south-western side of the motorway. The difference being that there, Saddle Hill provides a significant rural landscape backdrop higher.

The node of residential use proposed for the summit area will not be unduly visually prominent from lower viewpoints, given the flat landform and viewing angle and the proposed building height and colour mitigation measures. It will be connected physically to Mosgiel via the proposed extension to Irwin Logan Drive. In my assessment, the landscape and visual effects of this development will be adverse, but will be mitigated in magnitude to some extent, by the fact that it extends an existing area of residential development (at the south-western end of Chain Hills Road), rather than introduce an area of totally new character. The appropriateness of a node of relatively intense residential development on the hill top, separated from Mosgiel (and other existing urban areas) by steeper hill slopes however, is an issue, and it is my assessment that landscape and visual effects will be adverse / moderate – high. I consider that it would be more appropriate that built density reduces with height, and to retain Rural Residential zoning in this area.

Conclusion

The proposed rezone site is located on the north-western side of Chain Hills adjacent to Mosgiel. Chain Hills are a visually prominent landscape feature in

Proposed Residential Re-zoning, Gladstone Family Trust Properties, Chain Hills, Mosgiel, Landscape / Visual Effects Assessment

this area but their natural / rural landscape character and values have been

significantly eroded by small scale rural and rural residential subdivision and

development.

The proposed rezoning will result in a significant change to the character of

the hills, including the expansion and reinforcement of a node of relatively

dense residential use on the summit ridge, less dense residential

development on the mid-slope secondary spurs (with indigenous forest

restoration in the gullies), and for the extension of residential development

up the lower slopes from the existing urban edge. Mitigation measures to

minimise adverse effects on landscape values are proposed.

I have assessed the landscape and visual effects of the rezoning as

generally adverse, with the magnitude ranging from low – high.

Mike Moore

Registered NZILA Landscape Architect

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Appendix A: Proposed Gully Revegetation Guidelines

The areas shown as 'gully revegetation' in Figure ... are to be planted using the following species and at the ratios indicated.

Botanical name	Common name	Approx % of
		planting
Coprosma crassifolia		2.5
Coprosma propinqua	Mingimingi	5
Cordyline australis	Cabbage tree	10
Griselinia littoralis	Broadleaf	2.5
Hebe salicifolia	Koromiko	5
Hoheria angustifolia	Narrow-leaved lacebark	2.5
Kunzea robusta	Kanuka	20
Myrsine australis	Mapou	2.5
Olearia avicenniifolia		2.5
Phormium tenax	Flax	20
Pittosporum tenuifolium	Kohuhu	15
Podocarpus laetus	Hall's totara	2.5
Pseudopanax crassifolius	Lancewood	5
Sophora microphylla	Kowhai	5

Planting maintenance and management

- Where required, fencing should be carried out to protect the areas to be planted from grazing by stock.
- 2. The areas to be planted are to be sprayed to kill existing grasses using a non-residual systemic herbicide.
- 3. Planting densities are to be approximately 1.5m
- 4. Plant grades are to be Pb3 or equivalent, minimum.
- 5. One slow release fertilizer tablet will be used per plant.
- 6. A circle of mulch (100mm deep woodchip or sacking or similar) is to be applied around each plant to assist in plant establishment and weed suppression.
- 7. The area around each plant is to be maintained weed free until well established by hand weeding or spraying where this is possible without adversely affecting the plants.
- 8. Plants should be watered as / if required during dry spells until well established.

Proposed Residential Re-zoning, Gladstone Family Trust Properties, Chain Hills, Mosgiel, Landscape / Visual Effects Assessment

- 9. Survival should be monitored and any dead plants replaced immediately. Animal pests should be controlled and if required, plants should be provided with an ecoshelter for protection against rabbit and possum browse.
- 10. The plantings are to be managed to ensure their ongoing health and vitality.

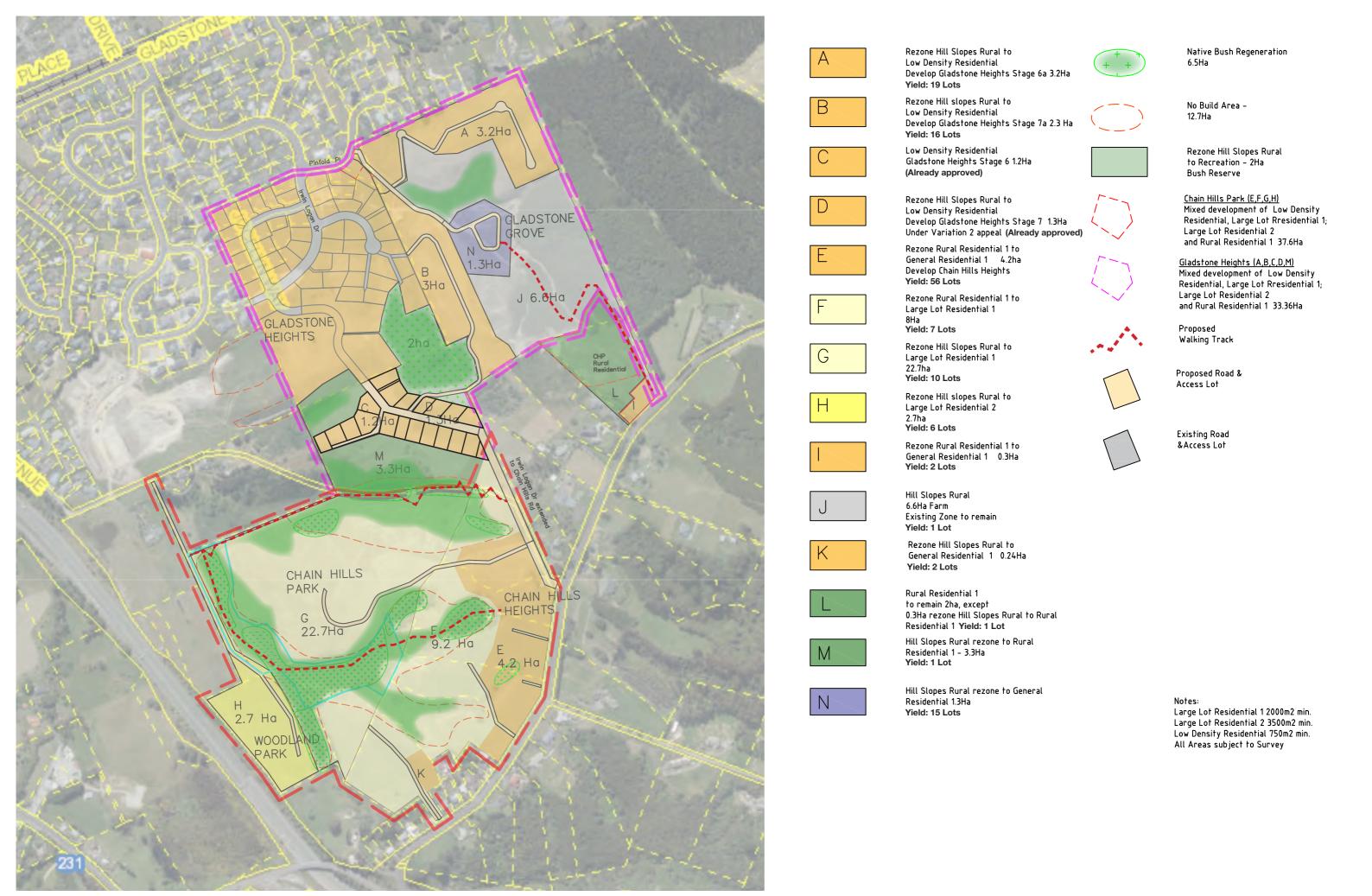


Figure 1: Proposed Re-Zone Site Structure Plan

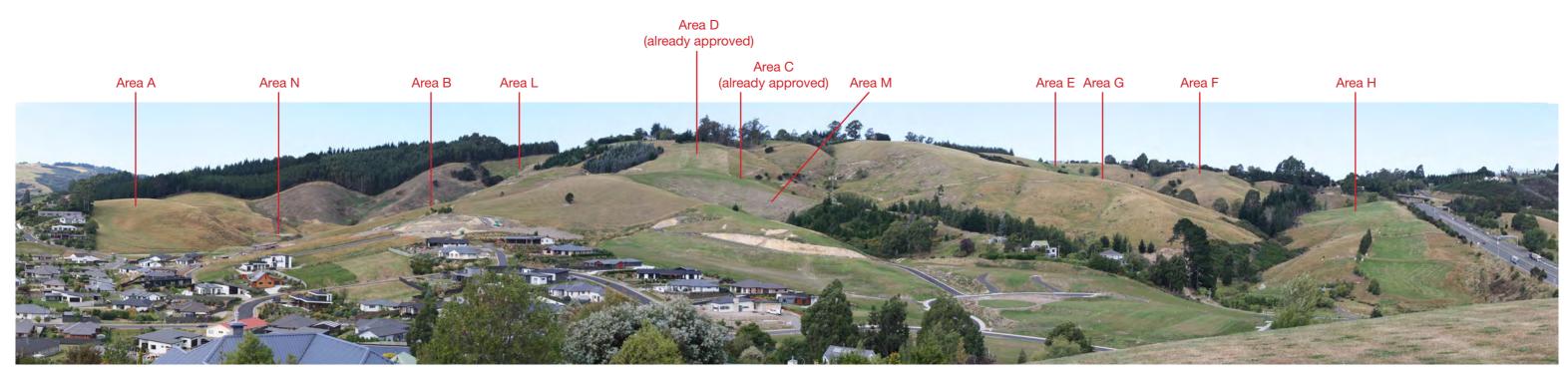


Figure 2: View toward the proposed re-zone site from Joe Brown Reserve, Mosgiel

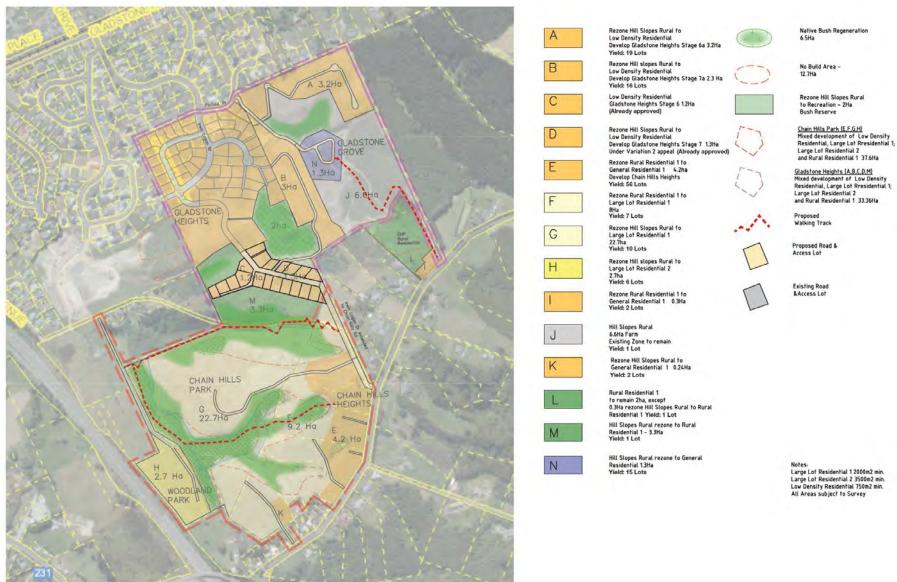
Variation 2 Submission Notes – Gladstone Family Trust – Chain Hills Park: 21, 43, 55, 65, 75, 77, 79, 111 and 121 Chain Hills Road



Note:

• 77 Chain Hills Road is excluded in part from this submission. The two areas of land excluded are: a) the already zoned Low Density Residential; and b) the land subject to a 2GP appeal. These two areas are identified as areas 'c' and 'd' respectively on the structure plan. The balance of the site is within scope for Variation 2.

Figure 2: Structure Plan for Site



Notes:

• Given the scale of the rezone, development will be staged over a course of time providing a continuous stream of residential capacity in this locale for a reasonable period of time.

Submission:

The proposal presents a comprehensice opportunity for a large tract of marginal farmland at the town boundary to be repurposed for housing supply with sufficient residential capacity to supply through to the medium term and yet maintain a rural influence through mixed use open space and areas set aside for ecological enhancement.

The proposal makes provision for varying density of housing, recreational uses, good infrastructure expansion and roading links that will be paid for by the site developer. Road linkage between Chain Hills Road and Gladstone Road North via Gladstone Heights and Irwin Logan Drive well be a bonus for the City Transportation Network. The proposal also makes provision for ecological enhancement as well as the continuation of a level of rural activity both during construction and post development.

The land owner is an experienced developer with a proven track record in the immediate locale and is ready to connect the site to adjacent residential developments. The developer has a vision for the site whereby all the gullies are vegetated, providing a 'town-belt' effect and a range of housing types are offered. The purpose of the smaller minimum section size along Chain Hills Road is so that the 'views' become more afforable for first home buyers and young families.

1. Rezone 21, 43, 55, 65, 75, 77, 79, 111 and 121 Chain Hills Road in Accordance with the Structure Plan and Apply a Structure Plan Mapped Area

Reasons:

- Experienced severe shortage of residential capacity, paticularly affordable housing in Dunedin, including in this locale, meaning Council cannot satisfy the short through to long term demand with sufficient capacity to meet Council's obligations pursuant to NPS-UD 2020. Rezoning this site residential helps Council meet its obligations pursuant to NPS-UD 2020 by ensuring available capacity to the market demand. The structure plan also provides the opportunity to acehieve other policy objectives such as conservation and ecological enhancement in an 'ecologically threatened' landsacpe.
- Rezone meets rezoning criteria specified in 2GP (see 2.6.2.1) in particular, it provides a logical extension of Mosgiel over an area which is close to infrastructure, services and public amenities. The rezone will ensure that Mosgiel grows in resilience and the additional road and infrastructure corridor for Mosigel provides benefits. The proposal provides a rare opportunity for higher density affordable housing with outstanding views.
- The proposal has landscape support see attached landscape figures and report.

- Provides for flexibility of development in this locale of high demand for more residential capacity. Provides an opportunity to provide a residential community with recreation and conservation / ecological gains.
- The scale of this proposal provides the ability to tackle any infrastructure issues via agreement between Council and the site developer.
- The proposal provides opportunity for Mosgiel to grow into an area which is not on the productive rural flats of Taieri Plains.

2. Do not Apply a New Development Mapped Area over the Site but Instead Apply a Structure Plan Mapped Area

Reasons:

- Provision of infrastructure is adequately governed by existing subdivision and land use performance standards in the 2GP and the subdivison and development process.
- The application of the Structure Plan Mapped Area provides the opportunity for Council to attach performance standards necessary to achieve desired outcomes for this specific site (e.g. attentuation onsite of stormwater and / or wastewater at time of subdivision if found to be necessary on assessment of infrastructure capacity). This is a more appropriate methodology than applying the NDMA to change area GF01.
- The NDMA provisions will, in this case, act as an impediment to development.

In the alternative, the submitter requests changes to the NDMA provisions as set out in Table 1 of these submission notes. Table 1 contains the NDMA related provisions, issues and potential solutions.

On the submission form the submitter states that their submission relates to "All provisions relating to New Development Mapped Area". In the event that Table 1 is not a complete list of all such provisions, the submitter reserves the right to make comment in evidence on any other NDMA related provisions which are found to be missing from Table 1.

3. Additional Comments by Submitter in Relation to NDMA provisons as these relate to the Chain Hills Park Rezone

The objectives of the provisions are already achieved via the structure plan.

Change D4: Chain Hills Park is a single ownership 54ha tract of greenfield offering space for housing, recreation and interconnection.

Change D6: Chain Hills Park proposes extensive native regeneration and protection of gullies and waterways.

Change D7: Chain Hills Park offers outstanding North and West views of Taieri Plains, Saddle Hill, Maungatuas and rural hinterland beyond.

Change D8: Chain Hills Park uses existing road network frontage to Chain Hills Road and provides a new link to Mosgiel. The structure plan is comprehensive in that all the land within it has been considered for its best use with respect to soils, contour, aspect, and infrastructure, the best use being assigned between high and low density housing, lifestyle, and a continued level of rural activities. Chain Hills Park is a comprehensive proposal of a scale affording efficient delivery of public infrastructure.

Change F2-2: The structure plan has assigned areas for onsite detention within natural catchments and waterways, so that pre-development run-off does not increase as a result of development. The collective approach of community onsite detention within the structure plan area simpifies construction as it limits the number of sites and enables efficient monitoring. No diversion of stormwater from natural catchment is proposed. The land owner who is the site developer is an expert in stormwater matters.

Change F3-2: Wastewater detention is passively provided already given gravity drainage to collection sump with pump and rising main. Pump operation determines timing and volume of discharge. Sump storage capacity can be augmented to allow discharge only at off peak. Chain Hills Park large lot residential lots provide on-site soakage field discharge of secondary treated wastewater, thus not adding to public wastewater.

Change F2-6: the proposal is a watershed for comprehensive DCC infrastructural change in the locale through the opportunity to connect to existing and proposed networks.

Table 1: NDMA Issues and Potential Mechanisms For Solutions

Notified Pol	icy / Rule		Issue	Potential Solutions
CHANGE D4 Policy 2.3.3.1.X Support communi	ty and leisure activity, sport and re	creation, and essential community facilities in Dunedin through:	NDMA where land is in multiple ownership and development is likely to	A trigger mechanism for requirement of formal and/or informal space for recreation, sporting, social and cultural activities, and community facilities. That
And the second s		in a new development mapped area that require consideration of the need for p. social and cultural activities, and community facilities. (Change D4)	operation between landowners?	is, over so many lots / developed area a
Delete Polcy 2.6. Objective 12.2.X		that achieves the Plan's strategic directions for, (Change D1)	S32 report talks about 'large greenfield areas' [see para 296], however,	AND / OR Specify what greenspace etc
The state of the s		cultural well-being (Objective 2.3.3); (Change D4)	greenfield areas' in NDMA are in multiple	is required as a minimum for which NDMAs.
Policy 12.2.X.1	access to outdoor recreation (w development mapped area where it will provide or otherwise ensure good apportunities (including playgrounds) and, where possible, opportunities for acks within and between different residential developments and connecting to ces. (Change D4)	ownership.	
Rule 12.X.2.5.c		10000000000000000000000000000000000000		
12.X.2 Assessm	ent of restricted discretionary a	tivities in a Transition Overlay Zone or mapped area		
Activity	Matters of discretion	Guidance on the assessment of resource consents		
•••				

5. In a new development mapped area. • All subdivision activities (Change D1)	c. Provision of recreation spaces (Change D4)	Relevant objectives and policies: i. Objective 12.2.X ii. The subdivision provides or otherwise ensures good access to outdoor recreation opportunities (including playgrounds) and, where possible, opportunities for offroad cycling and walking tracks within and between different residential developments and connecting to community facilities and services (Policy 12.2.X.1). (Change D4). Conditions that may be imposed include. iii. Location, size and shape of recreation reserves, including a minimum length of road frontage. iv. A requirement to vest recreation spaces in DCC as DCC reserve. v. Public amenities to be included in a recreation reserve.
Rule 15.11.5.Y		vesting in DCC. (Change D4)

Activity

Matters of discretion

Guidance on the assessment of

resource consents

Y In a new development mapped area.

All subdivision activities (Change D1 & Change F2-2)

c. Provision of recreation spaces (Change D4)

See Rule 12.X (Change D4)

Notified Policy /	/ Rule	Issue	Potential Solutions
	b and 2.2.5.3.a and replace with new clause in Policy 2.2.2.X.a added {Change D5 & Change E4}	No issues.	N/A
a use of policies and subdivisions to be b. encouraging new revalues: c rules that require of the outdoor living set of rules that restrict his objective 12.2.X & Policies of the country of the outdoor living set of rules that restrict his objective 12.2.X & Change of the country of the outdoor living set of rules that restrict his objective 12.2.X & Change of the country of the	eight in relation to boundary to facilitate access to sunlight in outdoor areas (Change E4)		
c. environmental pe	erformance and energy resilience (Objective 2.2.2); {Change D5}		
<u>pr</u>	nly allow subdivision in a new development mapped area where the subdivision layout and orientation ovides for houses to be designed with good solar access to living areas and outdoor living spaces. Change D5)		
Rule 12.X.2.5.a			
12.X.2 Assessment of	restricted discretionary activities in a Transition Overlay Zone or mapped area		
Activity	Matters of discretion Guidance on the assessment of resource consents		

5. In a new development mapped area: • All subdivision activities (Change D1)		i. Objective 12.2.X ii. The subdivision layout and o	prientation provides for houses to be seess to living areas and outdoor living hange D5).
 Rule 15.11.5.Y 15.11.5 Assessment scheduled heritage it	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	ctivities in an overlay zone, mapped a	area, heritage precinct or affecting a
Activity		Matters of discretion	Guidance on the assessment of resource consents
	ment mapped area activities (Change D1 &	a. Whether subdivision design supports energy-efficient housing (Change D5)	See Rule 12.X (Change D5)

Notified Poli	icy / Rule		Issue	Potential Solutions
CHANGE D6 Objective 12.2.X	and Policy 12.2.X.2		for 'significant natural	Provide a definition for this term.
Objective 12.2.X Future residential		at achieves the Plan's strategic directions for [Change D1]	environment values'?	
b. <u>indigenous</u>	biodiversity (Objective 2.2.3); (Change	ge D6}		
Policy 12.2.X.2	any future land use and develope	evelopment mapped area where the <u>subdivision</u> is designed to ensure nent will protect, and where necessary restore, any waterways, areas of and habitats of indigenous fauna, or other areas with significant natural		
Rule 12.X.2.5.d	Simplify Sim			
Rule 12.X.2.5.d 12.X.2 Assessme	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	dies in a Transition Overlay Zone or mapped area Guidance on the assessment of resource consents		

Rule 15.11.5.Y		
15.11.5 Assessment of restricted discretion scheduled heritage item	ary activities in an overlay zone, mapped ar	ea, heritage precinct or affecting a
Activity	Matters of discretion	Guidance on the assessment of resource consents
Y In a new development mapped area: • All subdivision activities (Change D1 & Change F2-2)	d. Whether subdivision design maintains or enhances areas with significant natural environment values (Change D6)	See Rule 12 X (Change D6)

Notified Policy /	' Rule		Iss	sue	Potential Solutions
CHANGE D7 Objective 12.2.X {Char		ay that achieves the Plan's		hat is the threshold r the requirement?	number of lots / size of development area).
d, form and structu Policy 12.2.X.4 Policy 12.2.X.4 Or ar	re of the environment (Object only allow subdivision in a never eas of amenity planting (included and included and include	tive 2.4.1); (Change D7) v development mapped are uding but not limited to street	Wh	hat constitutes an dequate' area?	AND / OR Provide guidance on what constitutes 'adequate' areas of amenity planting and public amenities.
42 V 2 A	CONTRACTOR OF CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR	notation to a Three states Assisted	**** *********************************		
Activity	restricted discretionary act	Guidance on the assessme			
<u>Activity</u>		Relevant objectives and policy in Objective 12.2.X ii. The subdivision providing but not limit ensure an attractive re	cies es adequate areas of amenity planting d to street trees) and public amenities to		
5. In a new development mapped area. • All subdivision activities (Change D1)	b. Provision for amenity planting and public amenities (Change D7)	Relevant objectives and policy of the subdivision proving (including but not limit ensure an attractive reconditions that may be imaged in Requirements for streaming (Change DT).	cies es adequate areas of amenity planting d to street trees) and public amenities to didential environment (Policy 12.2.X.4).		

Y. In a new development mapped area. • All subdivision activities (Change D1 & Change F2-2)	b. Provision for amenity planting and public amenities (Change D7)	See Rule 12.X (Change D7)

Notified Policy / Rule	Issue	Potential Solutions
CHANGE D8	Rule 12.X.2 – general	Delete.
Policy 2.7.1.2	assessment guidance iv.3	
Ensure areas of new urban development provide for public infrastructure networks that represent the least possible long term cost to the public through: Z policies and assessment rules for new development mapped areas that encourage efficient use of land as a way to maximise the cost effectiveness of public infrastructure delivery. (Change D8)	This assessment has already been undertaken in rezoning of the land (including placement of Transition	
Objective 12.2.X {Change D1}	overlay zone or mapped area).	
Future residential growth areas are developed in a way that achieves the Plan's strategic directions for: {Change D1} e. a compact and accessible city (Objective 2.2.4); and (Change D8) f. efficient public infrastructure (Objective 2.7.1). {Change D8} Policy 12.2.X.5		
Policy 12.2.X.5 Only allow subdivision in a new development mapped area where the subdivision design ensures the efficient use of land, while also achieving the other elements of Objective 12.2.X. (Change D8)		
Rule 12.X.2.5.e		

5. In a new development mapped area:

• All supdivision activities (Change D1)

e Whether subdivision design supports efficient use of land (Change D8) Relevant objectives and policies

- i. Objective 12.2.X
- The subdivision design ensures the efficient use of land, while also achieving the other elements of Objective 12.2.X (Policy 12.2.X.5). (Change D8).

General assessment guidance:

- iii Council will generally require subdivision in a NDMA to enable the maximum development capacity allowed under the rules and as can be achieved while still achieving the other objectives and policies of the Plan (e.g. as many sites suitable for residential development as practicable or through other means of maximising development capacity), (Change D8)
- iv. Where a subdivision proposes a residential yield less than what is allowed by the zoning and where this is not required to achieve other plan objectives or policies. Council will consider.
 - how this might affect the affordability and efficient delivery of public infrastructure.
 - how this might affect the ability to provide a reasonable amount of affordable housing in the development; and
 - the potential cumulative effects of inefficient development on loss of rural land. (Change D8).

Rule 15.11.5.Y

15.11.5 Assessment of restricted discretionary activities in an overlay zone, mapped area, heritage precinct or affecting a scheduled heritage item

Activity

Matters of discretion

Guidance on the assessment of resource consents

...

In a new development mapped area:

All subdivision activities (Change D1 & Change F2-2)

e. Whether subdivision design supports efficient use of land (Change D8) See Rule 12.X (Change D8)

Notified Po	licy / Rule	Issue	Potential Solutions
CHANGE F2-2 Policy 2.2.2.Y Policy 2.2.2.Y Enable and encount new developm Delete Policy 2.2. Policy 2.7.1.2.X	7 - to be added {Change F2-2} 1 - to be added {Change F2-2} 1 - to be added {Change F2-2} 1 - to be added {Change F2-2} 2 - to be added {Change F2-2}	Potential difficulties with NDMA being in multiple ownership – for	1. Provide a claw-back mechanism whereby when the developer of infrastructure in a NDMA with multiple owners vests that infrastructure in DCC, DCC pays that developer for the infrastructure (less the developer's pro rata share) and DCC claws-back the cost of that infrastructure vis development contributions
Policy 9.2.1.Y Objective 9.2.1 Land use, develo	assessment rules that require on-site stormwater management in the new development mapped area. (Change properties of public water supply, stormwater infrastructure.	development process is for resource consent to be obtained prior to installation occuring so that all matters can be assessed together. Focus should be on the design of infrastructre at this stage of the consent /	Provide a mechanism whereby the DCC can compulsorily acquire easements in NDMA for
Policy 9.2.1.Y	Only allow subdivision activities in a new development mapped area where a. an on-site stormwater management system that is designed for the whole NDMA and is installed in full or in planned stages prior to development will ensure there is no increase in the pre-development peak stormwater discharge rate from the site into the stormwater public infrastructure (at any point); or b. where this is not practicable, any adverse effects from an increase in discharge on the stormwater public infrastructure are no more than minor. (Change F2-2)	development process. 3. Limiting the extent of Rule 9.5.3.Z.	Delete from Rule 9.9.X.3.C the following: ', and be submitted along with the written approval of all owners of land within the new development mapped area unless they are the applicant/s'.
Policy 9.2.1.X			2. Delete requirement for
Policy 9.2.1.X	Require development in a new development mapped area that creates impermeable surfaces to be connected to the integrated communal on-site stormwater management system that meets Policy 9.2.1.Y. (Change F2-2)		infrastructure to be installed prior to subdivision consent. 3. Add the words 'within the

Rule 9.3.7.AA

937 AA Stormwater (Change F2-2)

- a. In a new development mapped area, all development that creates an impermeable surface must.
 - I connect to a communal stormwater management system that services the new development mapped area, except
 - prior to the communal stormwater management system being installed, any development that creates less than 60m² of impermeable surface is exempt from this standard.
- b. Activities that contravene this performance standard are restricted discretionary activities. (Change F2-2)

Note 9.3.7.AAA

Note 9.3.7.AAA - General advice and other requirements outside of the District Plan (Change F2-2)

- a. In a new development mapped area, Policy 9.2.1.Y requires installation of a communal stormwater management system prior to development as part of the assessment of a <u>subdivision</u> consent. The requirements for <u>stormwater management</u> are set out in the Special Information Requirements Rule 9.9.X, (Change F2-2)
- Clause E1 Surface Water of the New Zealand Building Code (Building Regulations 1992, Schedule 1) contains
 requirements regarding buildings and sitework in relation to managing surface water and effects on other property.
- c. Development that will divert surface water may require resource consent under the Otago Regional Plan: Water
- d. Discharge of stormwater to any Otago Regional Council scheduled drain or overland flow path is managed by the Otago Regional Council Flood Protection Management Bylaw 2012.
- e. If development affects the flow of surface water, this effect is also subject to the common law principle of natural servitude.
- f. Part 4 of the Dunedin Code of Subdivision and Development 2010 ("Code of Subdivision") requires that design and construction of stormwater systems be undertaken in accordance with NZS 4404 2004 (now replaced by NZS 4404 2010), except as amended by the Code of Subdivision. This includes a requirement that stormwater systems be provided so that any new development results in an insignificant increase of runoff wherever possible (Clause 4.2.8).
- g. For further information on connections to the public stormwater network and for assistance with design requirements for stormwater management systems, please contact DCC 3 Waters on 03 477 4000 at the earliest opportunity, (Change F2-4)

mapped area' to the end of the sentence at Rule 9.5.3.Z.a.

Rule 9.5.3.Z 9.5.3 Assessment of performance standard contraventions Performance standard Matters of discretion Guidance on the assessment of resource consents Relevant objectives and policies: a. Effectiveness and In a new i. Objective 9.2.1 efficiency of stormwater development ii. Require development in a new development mapped area that management and effects mapped area creates impermeable surfaces to be connected to the integrated of stormwater from future Service communal on-site stormwater management system that development connections meets Policy 9.2 1.Y (Policy 9.2.1.X). (Change F2-2) stormwater (Rule 9.3.7.AA) General assessment guidance (Change F2-2) iv. Council will consider how stormwater will be managed and may require a stormwater management plan to be submitted with the application (see Special Information Requirement - Rule 9.9 X). (Change F2-2) Conditions that may be imposed include: v. A requirement for easements, covenants, consent notices, or bonds to ensure future development will be in accordance with a stormwater management plan. vi. A requirement for on-site stormwater management, such as the installation of detention devices, in accordance with the approved stormwater management plan. (Change F2-2) Rule 9.6.2.X 9.6.2 Assessment of restricted discretionary activities Activity Matters of discretion Guidance for the assessment of resource consents

X.	In a new
	development
	mapped area
	All subdivision
	activities
	(Change F2-2)

a Effectiveness and efficiency of stormwater management and effects of stormwater from future development Relevant objectives and policies (in addition to those outlined in 9.6.2.2 above):

- I. Objective 9.2.1
- ii. Only allow subdivision activities in a new development mapped area where:
 - an on-site stormwater management system that is designed for the whole NDMA and is installed in full or in planned stages prior to development will ensure there is no increase in the predevelopment peak stormwater discharge rate from the site into the stormwater public infrastructure (at any point), or
 - where this is not practicable, any adverse effects from an increase in discharge on the stormwater public infrastructure are no more than minor (Policy 9.2.1.Y), (Change F2-2)

Special Information Requirement Rule 9.9.X

9.9.X Stormwater management plans

 Application for subdivision in a new development mapped area must include a proposed stormwater management plan that demonstrates how Policy 9.2.1.Y will be achieved, unless such a plan has already been approved as part of an earlier subdivision. (Change F2-2)

•••

- 3. Stormwater management plans must:
 - a, be prepared by a chartered engineer or other suitably qualified person;
 - b. be of a level of detail commensurate with the scale of the activity complexity of stormwater management issues, and potential for adverse effects from stormwater. (Change F2-2 & Change F2-3)
 - c. for a new development mapped area (NDMA), address the whole NDMA area, and be submitted along with the written approval of all owners of land within the new development mapped area unless they are the applicant/s. (Change F2-2)
 - d. assess pre-development flows and post-development flows, generally based on the following rainfall events:
 - i. for primary infrastructure, a 10% annual exceedance probability (AEP) for the critical storm duration for the NDMA and the critical storm duration and the catchment upstream of the point of discharge, and
 - ii. for secondary flow paths, a 1% AEP for the critical storm duration for the NDMA and the critical storm duration for the catchment upstream of the point of discharge;
 - iii. for the purposes of this requirement, critical storm duration' means the duration of rainfall event likely to cause the highest peak flows or water levels;

- Iv. for the purposes of this requirement, 'primary infrastructure' includes both open and closed conduits designed to contain the flows generated by the 10% AEP rainfall event;
- v. for the purposes of this requirement, 'secondary flow paths' means the flow path over which surface water will flow if the primary flow path becomes overloaded or inoperative and consists of overland flow paths with sufficient capacity to transfer the flows generated by rainfall events up to 1% AEP, Secondary flow paths should be aligned with natural flow paths and located on public land where possible. If located in private property, 1% AEP secondary flows should be through primary infrastructure unless protected by an easement;
- assess the difference between pre-development flows and post-development flows, taking into account the maximum
 impermeable surfaces permitted in the underlying zone and any proposed roading or accessways for the subdivision area
 (or in a new development mapped area, for the entire NDMA);
- f. specify the design and location of any on-site stormwater management systems to accommodate the calculated difference in flows:
- g, where relevant, specify the design and location of secondary flow paths,
- h. specify any upgrades to stormwater public infrastructure, or other infrastructure, that will be used to add capacity where it is required;
- the stormwater management system design should allow for stormwater quality treatment to reduce potential contaminants that the site and development may generate.
- j. areas requiring stormwater quality treatment include trafficked areas such as roads, driveways and carparks. Roof and building areas should not require stormwater quality treatment providing they are constructed with inert building products which avoid exposed metal surfaces.
- stormwater quality treatment devices shall target the removal of 75% total suspended solids (TSS) on a long-term average basis and consider the avoidance or minimisation of thermal loading effects;
- I: the stormwater management design should consider the use of low impact design features, for example.
 - I, grassed/landscaped swales and other vegetation areas;
 - ii. infiltration trenches/bioretention systems;
 - iii. storage ponds/wetlands/sediment ponds;
 - iv. rainwater tanks harvesting and reuse;
 - v. rain gardens, green roofs, or
 - vi. porous surface treatments;

- m. where low impact design features are inadequate to address stormwater discharge in a way that meets Policy 9.2.1.Y, consider the use of detention tanks;
- n. for larger subdivisions, the design should incorporate consideration of how stormwater management areas can be integrated into reserves and recreation spaces,
- o for larger subdivisions, the design proposal should demonstrate how the integrity of the stormwater mitigation and management measures will not be compromised during and after subdivision (for example, avoiding premature contamination of devices during the construction of houses and ensuring that open drains that form part of the system will not be blocked or aftered). (Change F2-2 & Change F2-3)

Rule 15.3.4.1 Development Activity Status Table

1. Performance standards that apply to all development activities

- Natural Hazards Performance
 Standards
- Maximum building site coverage and impermeable surfaces
- c. Setback from scheduled tree
- d. Structure plan mapped area performance standards (where relevant)

Y. Service connections - stormwater (in a new development mapped area) (Change F2-2)

Rule 15.6.X

15.6.X Service Connections - Stormwater - to be added (Change F2-2)

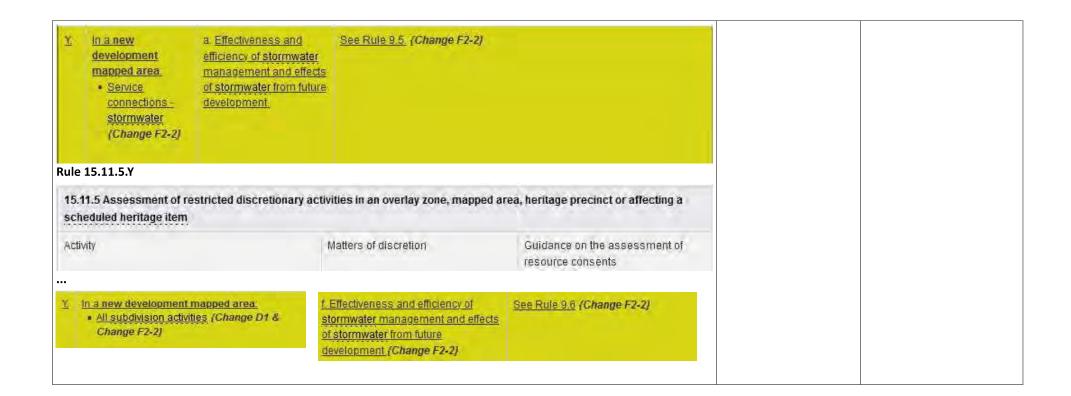
In a new development mapped area, all development that creates an impermeable surface must comply with Rule 9.3.7 AA. [Change F2-2]

Rule 15.10.4.Y

15.10.4 Assessment of development performance standard contraventions

Performance standard Matters of discretion Guidance on the assessment of resource consents

•••



Notified Policy / Rule Potential Solutions Issue 1. Potential difficulties 1. Provide a claw-back **CHANGE F3-2** with NDMA being in mechanism whereby when Policy 2.7.1.2.Y multiple ownership – for the developer of Ensure areas of new urban development provide for public infrastructure networks that represent the least possible long term cost to example, if there is / are infrastructure in a NDMA reluctant or recalcitrant with multiple owners vests the public through: owner(s) within the that infrastructure in DCC, NDMA. DCC pays that developer for policies and assessment rules that require wastewater detention for specified sites in the new development mapped area to the infrastructure (less the allow urban expansion while ensuring any impacts on the wastewater public infrastructure network are no more than minor. developer's pro rata share) (Change F3-2) and DCC claws-back the cost of that infrastructure vis development contributions Policy 9.2.1.BB as the other land within that Policy 9.2.1.BB Require subdivision, multi-unit development or supported living facilities in specified new development NDMA comes online. mapped areas to provide or connect to a communal wastewater detention system that ensures that all AND wastewater from the future development of the entire new development mapped area does not exceed the Provide mechanism capacity of the wastewater public infrastructure network. (Change F3-2) whereby the DCC can compulsorily acquire easements in NDMA for new Note 9.3.7.ZA General Advice infrastructure. b. In new development mapped areas specified in Rule 9.6.2 Y, immediate connections to the wastewater public infrastructure network will not be available due to network capacity constraints. In these cases, subdivision consent may be refused even if this standard is met where an on-site communal wastewater detention system that serves 50 or more residential units is yet to be approved as a solution to capacity constraints, (Change F3-2) Rule 9.6.2.Y 9.6.2 Assessment of restricted discretionary activities Activity Matters of discretion Guidance for the assessment of resource consents

- In the following new development mapped areas, all subdivision activities multi-unit development development and supported living facilities: (Change F3-2]
 - a. Effectiveness and efficiency of wastewater management and effects of wastewater from future
 - Kaikorai Valley Road (Change IN07)
 - · Selwyn Street (Change RTZ2)
 - Wattie Fox Lane (Change RTZ1)

Relevant objectives and policies (in addition to those outlined in 9.6.2.2 and 9.6.2.X above):

- 1. Objective 9.2.1.
- ii. Require subdivision; multi-unit development or supported living facilities in specified new development mapped areas to provide or connect to a communal wastewater detention system that ensures that all wastewater from the future development of the entire new development mapped area does not exceed the capacity of the wastewater public infrastructure network (Policy 9.2.1.BB). (Change F3-21

General assessment guidance.

- iii. The identified new development mapped areas are serviced for wastewater but new connections to the network will not be allowed (and consequentially any multi-unit development, supported living facility or subdivision that will lead to development that will require a connection will likely be declined) until capacity constraints are resolved or a communal on-site wastewater detention system that is designed for and associated with subdivision and/or development of 50 or more residential units is integrated into the public network and vested in the DCC. After installation of the system, all activities that create wastewater will be required to connect to the system until it is no longer required.
- iv. In assessing the appropriateness of a proposed communal on-site wastewater detention system. Council will consider the proposed wastewater management plan submitted with the application (see Special Information Requirement - Rule 9.9.Y), (Change F3-2)

Conditions that may be Imposed:

- v. A requirement for the communal on-site wastewater detention system. to be installed prior to certification of the survey plan pursuant to section 223 of the RMA.
- vi. A requirement for the communal on-site wastewater detention system. to be vested in the DCC, along with a site containing it which is of a minimum 500m2 in area and suitable for residential development.
- vii. A requirement for necessary easements and a fixed maintenance or defect period agreement to be in place prior to vesting the communal on-site wastewater detention system and associated land. (Change F3-21

Rule 9.9.Y

9.9 Y Wastewater management plans-

- 1. Any application for subdivision, multi-unit development or supported living facilities in a new development mapped area specified in Rule 9.6.2.Y must include a proposed wastewater management plan that ensures that all wastewater from the future development of the entire new development mapped area does not exceed the capacity of the wastewater public infrastructure network via the use of a communal wastewater detention system, unless such a system has already been approved for the site and will be connected to.
- 2. The wastewater management plan must be prepared by a chartered engineer and meet the following requirements:
 - a Specify the design and location of one or more communal wastewater detention systems to detain wastewater from the entire new development mapped area.
 - b. The communal wastewater detention systems must,
 - have the capacity to detain wastewater for a 24-hour period, prior to releasing to the wastewater via a connection to the
 wastewater public infrastructure network. The volume of wastewater to be detained will be calculated with reference to
 Part 5 of the Dunedin Code of Subdivision and Development 2010 ("Code of Subdivision").
 - ii. be compatible with DCC's Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition (SCADA) system;
 - iii. have a minimum 20 year expected life for all electrical / mechanical components and a minimum 50 year expected life for all civil components;
 - iv where practicable, be located such that all flow goes to one communal wastewater detention system with no pumping:
 - v. have components and materials that comply with the DCC's 3-Waters Approved Product and Manufacturers List and Part 5 of the Dunedin Code of Subdivision and Development 2010 (Code of Subdivision)
- The wastewater management plan must be submitted along with the written approval of all landowners within the new development mapped area unless they are the applicant/s. (Change F3-2)

Rule 15.10.4.Y			
15.10.4 Assessment of deve	lopment performance	standard contraventions	
Performance standard I	Matters of discretion	Guidance on the assessment of res	ource consents
site coverage and impermeable surfaces	c. Effects on efficiency and affordability of infrastructure (stormwater) (Change F2-3) d. Effects of stormwater from future development (Change F2-3)	See Rule 9.5.	
15.11.5 Assessment of rest scheduled heritage item	ricted discretionary ac	tivities in an overlay zone, mapped area	heritage precinct or affecting a
Activity		Matters of discretion	Guidance on the assessment of resource consents
Z. In the following new dev	The state of the s	a. Effectiveness and efficiency of wastewater management and effects of wastewater from future	See Rule 9.6 (Change F3-2)

Notified Policy / Rule Potential Solutions Issue Limit the extent of Policy Delete the words 'on **CHANGE F2-6** 9.2.1.AA and related adjoining or nearby sites Policy 9.2.1.AA lower order provisions that are zoned for urban Policy 9.2.1 AA Only allow subdivision in a new development mapped area where any new public or private 3-waters to provision of capacity development and insert the infrastructure is designed to connect to, and provide capacity for, future urban development on adjoining or of infrastructure within words 'within the subject nearby sites that are zoned for urban development, where necessary, (Change F2-6) specific new new development mapped development mapped area' before 'where necessary'. area. Rule 9.5.3.Z AND Similarly in Rule 9.5.3.Z.a.iii 9.5.3 Assessment of performance standard contraventions delete the words 'on Performance standard Matters of discretion Guidance on the assessment of resource consents adjoining or nearby sites that are zoned for urban In a new a. Effectiveness and iii. Only allow subdivision in a new development mapped area where development' and insert the development efficiency of stormwater words 'within the subject any new public or private 3-waters infrastructure is designed to management and effects mapped area: new development mapped connect to, and provide capacity for, future urban development on of stormwater from future Service area' before 'where development connections adjoining or nearby sites that are zoned for urban development. necessary'. stormwater where necessary (Policy 9.2.1 AA). (Change F2-6) (Rule 9.3.7.AA) AND (Change F2-2) Similarly in Rule 9.6.2.X.a.iii delete the words 'on Rule 9.6.2.X adjoining or nearby sites that are zoned for urban 9.6.2 Assessment of restricted discretionary activities development' and insert the words 'within the subject Matters of discretion Guidance for the assessment of resource consents Activity new development mapped area' before 'where necessary'. iii. Only allow subdivision in a new development mapped area where any In a new a. Effectiveness and new public or private 3-waters infrastructure is designed to connect to, efficiency of stormwater development and provide capacity for, future urban development on adjoining or management and effects mapped area: nearby sites that are zoned for urban development, where necessary of stormwater from future All subdivision (Policy 9.2.1 AA). (Change F2-6) activities development (Change F2-2)

VARIATION 2 - ADDITIONAL HOUSING CAPACITY

SUBMISSION FORM 5





This is a submission on Variation 2 to the Second Generation Dunedin City District Plan (2GP). Your submission must be lodged with the Dunedin City Council by midnight on 4 March 2021. All parts of the form must be completed.

Privacy

Please note that submissions are public. Your name, organisation, contact details and submission will be included in papers that are available to the media and the public, including publication on the DCC website, and will be used for processes associated with Variation 2. This information may also be used for statistical and reporting purposes. If you would like a copy of the personal information we hold about you, or to have the information corrected, please contact us at dcc@dcc.govt.nz or 03 477 4000.

Make your submission

Online: www.dunedin.govt.nz/2GP-variation-2 | Email: districtplansubmissions@dcc.govt.nz Post to: Submission on Variation 2, Dunedin City Council, PO Box 5045, Dunedin 9054

Deliver to: Customer Services Agency, Dunedin City Council, Ground Floor, 50 The Octagon, Dunedin

Submitter details	(You must	supply a po	stal and/or	r electronic addr	ess for	service)
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First name:	stadistane Family Trust	
Last name:	J	
Organisation (if o	applicable):	
Contact person/o	agent (if different to submitter): Emma Peters, (onsultant,	Sweep Consultancy Hd
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Suburb:		
City/town:	Dunedin.	Postcode: 9054
Email address:	emmae sweep consultancy. (0, nz	

Trade competition

Please note: If you are a person who could gain an advantage in trade competition through your submission, your right to make a submission may be limited by clause 6(4), Schedule 1 of the Resource Management Act.

I could gain an advantage in trade competition through this submission: Yes

Yes No

If you answered yes, you could gain an advantage in trade competition through this submissio,n please select an answer:

Yes No

My submission relates to an effect that I am directly affected by and that:

a. adversely affects the environment; and

b. does not relate to trade competition or the effects of trade competition.

Submission

Submissions on Variation 2 can only be made on the provisions or mapping, which are proposed to change or alternatives that are clearly within the scope of the 'purpose of the proposals', as stated in the Section 32 report. Submissions on other aspects of the 2GP are not allowed as part of this process.

You must indicate which parts of the variation your submission relates to. You can do this by either:

- making a submission on the Variation Change ID (in which case we will treat your submission as applying to all changes related to that change topic or alternatives within the scope of the purpose of that proposal); or
- · on specific provisions that are being amended.



The specific aspects of Variation 2 that my submission relates to are:

Variation 2 change ID (please see accompanying Variation 2 - Summary of Changes document or find the list on www.dunedin.govt.nz/2GP-variation-2)

Application of structure plan mapped area For example: D2 and 98 4 100 Gladstone Rd NM.

Provision name and number, or address and map layer name (where submitting on a specific proposed amendment):

All provisions relating & townhouse of duplexes, For example: Rule 15.5.2 Density or zoning of 123 street name.

My submission seeks the following decision from the Council: (Please give precise details, such as what you would like us to retain or remove, or suggest amended wording.)

Accept the change

Accept the change with amendments outlined below

Reject the change

If the change is not rejected, amend as outlined below

(ee attached submission notes

Reasons for my views (you may attach supporting documents):

If you wish to make multiple submissions, you can use the submission table on page 3 or attach additional pages.

ser attached submission notes

Do you wish to speak in support of your submission at a hearing: Yes

If others make a similar submission, would you consider presenting a joint case at a hearing: Vyes

Signature: W. Emma Peters, Consultant, Sweep Consultary Date: 3/3/21

Page 2 of 3





Variation 2 Submission Notes – Gladstone Family Trust – Application of Structure Plan Mapped Area to 90 and 98 & 100 Gladstone Road North

Figure 1: Location of 90 Gladstone Road North and 98 & 100 Gladstone Road North



Figure 2a: Structure Plan Mapped Area for 90 Gladstone Road North



Figure 2b: Structure Plan Mapped Area for 98 and 100 Gladstone Road North Prudence Place LOGAN PROJECTS LIMITED PROJECT MANAGERS STRUCTURAL & CIVIL CONSULTING ENGINEERS TOWN HOUSES - Lot 38,39 DP443237 98-100 GLADSTONE ROAD NORTH, MOSGIEL 19011 - 01 Indicative Site Plan -Subject to Survey TEL 023487411 E-MAIL- logamprejects@btfra.co.mz SCALE NTS

Submission:

1. Apply a Structure Plan Mapped Area to 90 Gladstone Road North and 98 & 100 Gladstone Road North

Reasons:

- The strucutre plans provide for two pockets of medium denisty housing on sites zoned Low Density Residential.
- Experienced severe shortage of residential capacity in Dunedin, including in this locale, to satisfy short through to long term demand with sufficient capacity to meet Council's obligations pursuant to NPS-UD 2020. Therefore, applying the structure plans to these two sites helps Council meet its obligations pursuant to NPS-UD 2020.
- The application of the structure plans meets relevant criteria specified in 2GP (see 2.6.2.1)
 in particular, it provides a additional housing capacity in a capcity limited area which is close to services and public amenities. The sites are flat and have good solar access. It is the submitter's understanding that there is sufficient infrastructure capacity to meet the demand from the future development pursuant to the two structure plans.
- Provides for flexibility of development in this locale for which there is experienced high demand for more residential capacity.
- The s32 analysis is deficient in its assessment of medium density housing capacity in this locale.
- Dunedin City Council does not have the power to limit the scope of sites assessed for Variation 2 and to do so may be ultra vires.
- 2. Amend Relevant Provisons so that Townhouse and Duplex Type Housing is Permitted on Existing Vacant Sections in any Residential Zone provided that there is Infrastructure Capacity and Performance Standards for this Type of Housing (to be developed) can be Met

Reasons:

- Will provide immediate, additional housing capacity throughout the city of a type for which
 the s32 report states there is a real lack, with the performance criteria, to be developed,
 ensuring that this type of development integrates with existing residential character in any
 particular locale.
- Will provide a range of housing choices in different locales and will ensure that this type of housing does not get 'grouped' in one location.