## **15.5.2** Density

1. Standard residential activities in any location and visitor accommodation in the George Street North residential heritage precinct *{Change F5}* (or any combination of the two on a single site) must not exceed the following density limits:

Zone		i. Minimum site area for a residential unit (excluding ancillary residential units) {Change A1}	ii. Maximum development potential per site
a.	General Residential 1 Zone	1 per 400m² {Change A3} or 2 per 500m² where in a single residential building or in the form of a duplex {Change A2}	1 habitable room per 100m <sup>2</sup>
b.	General Residential 2 Zone not within a wastewater <b>constraint mapped area</b> or the <b>South Dunedin mapped area</b> {Change F3-3}	N/A	1 habitable room per 45m <sup>2</sup>
c.	General Residential 2 Zone within a wastewater constraint mapped area {Change F3-3}	N/A	1 habitable room per 100m <sup>2</sup>
d.	General Residential 2 Zone within the <b>South Dunedin</b> mapped area	N/A	1 habitable room per 60m <sup>2</sup>
e.	Inner City Residential Zone	N/A	1 habitable room per 45m <sup>2</sup>
f.	Low Density Residential Zone	1 per 750m <sup>2</sup>	1 habitable room per 150m²

Zone		i. Minimum site area for a residential unit (excluding ancillary residential units) {Change A1}	ii. Maximum development potential per site	
g.	Large Lot Residential 1 Zone	1 per 2000m <sup>2</sup>	1 habitable room per 400m <sup>2</sup>	
h.	Large Lot Residential 2 Zone	1 per 3500m <sup>2</sup>	1 habitable room per 700m <sup>2</sup>	
i.	Township and Settlement Zone not within a no DCC reticulated wastewater mapped area	1 per 400m <sup>2</sup> {Change A3} or 2 per 500m <sup>2</sup> where in a single residential building or in the form of a duplex {Change A2}	1 habitable room per 100m <sup>2</sup>	
j.	Township and Settlement Zone within a no DCC reticulated wastewater mapped area	1 per 1000m <sup>2</sup>	1 habitable room per 200m²	

- k. Except in all zones, other than the GR2 and ICR zones:
  - i. a single residential unit may be erected on a site of any size; {Change B3}
  - ii. one ancillary residential unit {Change A1} is allowed per site in association with a primary residential unit provided:
    - 1. the maximum development potential per site is not exceeded;
    - X the site size meets the minimum site size performance standard in Rule 15.7.4; and {Change A1}
    - Y it does not result in more than two residential units on the site, including the ancillary residential unit. {Change A2}
- 2. For the purposes of this standard:
  - a. the calculation of habitable rooms includes rooms in ancillary residential units {Change A1} and sleep outs;
  - b. the calculation of minimum site area includes access legs provided for rear sites; and {Change B4}
  - c. the calculation of maximum development potential applies to:

- X. visitor accommodation in the George Street North residential heritage precinct; {Change F5}
- Y. standard residential activity {Change A2} in the Inner City Residential and General Residential 2 Zones, and
- Z. standard residential activity outside the Inner City Residential and General Residential 2 Zones only **{Change A2}** for determining whether an ancillary residential unit **{Change A1}**, or second unit in a single residential building or in the form of a duplex, can be developed **{Change A2}**.
- 3. More than one residential building (other than an ancillary residential unit) **{Change A1}** may only be built on a site if all residential buildings are able to meet all the following performance standards if they were ever subdivided into separate sites:
  - a. site coverage;
  - b. height in relation to boundary;
  - c. setbacks; and
  - d. access.
- 4. Standard residential activity that contravenes the performance standard for density is a non-complying activity, except contravention of the following standards only is a restricted discretionary activity: *{Change E9}* 
  - a. papakāika that contravenes the performance standards for density;
  - 2. standard residential in the General Residential 2 Zone (wastewater constraint mapped area) {Change F3-3} that contravenes the performance standards for maximum development potential per site (15.5.2.1.c.ii), provided the maximum development potential per site of the activity proposed does not exceed 1 habitable room per 45m<sup>2</sup>;
  - 3. contravention of Rule 15.5.2.3 (bulk and location performance standards for multiple residential buildings on the same site); and
  - X. standard residential in the ICR Zone that contravenes the performance standard for maximum development potential per site (15.5.2.1.e.ii), provided the maximum development potential per site of the activity proposed does not exceed 1 habitable room per 30m²; and
  - Y. social housing in the General Residential 1 and Township and Settlement zones (except in a **no DCC reticulated wastewater mapped area**) where it meets the density standard for General Residential 2. **{Change C1}**
- 5. Visitor accommodation in the George Street North residential heritage precinct *{Change F5}* that contravenes the performance standard for density is a discretionary activity.

## 15.7.4 Minimum Site Size

## 1. The minimum site size for new resultant sites is:

Zone		Minimum site size
a.	General Residential 1 Zone	400m² { <i>Change A3</i> }
b.	General Residential 2 Zone  o not within a wastewater constraint mapped area; or  o within the wastewater constraint mapped area (Mosgiel) {Change F3-3}	300m²
C.	General Residential 2 Zone within a wastewater <b>constraint mapped area</b> , except for the wastewater <b>constraint mapped area</b> (Mosgiel) <b>{Change F3-3}</b>	400m² { <i>Change A3</i> }
d.	Inner City Residential Zone	200m²
e.	Low Density Residential Zone	750m²
f.	Large Lot Residential Zone 1	2000m²
g.	Large Lot Residential Zone 2	3500m²

7	Zone		Minimum site size	
ŀ	h.	Township and Settlement Zone not within a <b>no</b> DCC <b>reticulated</b> wastewater <b>mapped area</b>	400m² <b>{Change</b> <b>A3}</b>	
i	i.	Township and Settlement Zone within a <b>no</b> DCC <b>reticulated</b> wastewater <b>mapped area</b>	1000m²	

- j. Except the following are exempt from the minimum site size: {Change B6}
  - 1. resultant sites created and used solely for the following purposes are exempt from the minimum site size: {Change B6}
    - 1. Scheduled ASBV or QEII covenant;
    - 2. reserve;
    - 3. access;
    - 4. utility;
    - 5. road; or
  - x. a resultant site in any residential zone (except within a **no** DCC **reticulated** wastewater **mapped area**):
    - 1. that will contain at least one lawfully established habitable residential building (that was not established as a family flat or ancillary residential unit) prior to certification of the survey plan pursuant to section 223 of the RMA; and
    - 2. that is of a size and shape that means the residential building is able to meet all the relevant land use and development performance standards as if it was new. *{Change B6}*
- X. Minimum site size includes access legs for subdivision of sites up to 1200m² in the General Residential 1 Zone and Township and Settlement Zone (not within a **no** DCC **reticulated** wastewater **mapped area**) and for subdivision of all sites in other zones, but excludes access legs in all other cases. **{Change B4}**

- 2. General subdivision that contravenes the standard for minimum site size is non-complying, except in the following circumstances where the subdivision is restricted discretionary:
  - X. subdivision as described in Rule 15.7.4.1.j.ii.1 (*Minor referencing error* 15.7.4.1.j.x.1) that does not meet the conditions in Rule 15.7.4.1.j.ii.2 (*minor referencing error* 15.7.4.1.j.x.2); and {*Change B6*}
  - Y. a subdivision of a proposed multi-unit development which has an approved land use consent but the development has not been established, or land use consent is sought under Rule 15.3.4.5 concurrently with the subdivision application, and the standard residential activity complies with the density performance standard (Rule 15.5.2); and
  - a. a subdivision where any resultant site is below, but not less than, 75% of, the minimum site size and the average of the site sizes meets the minimum site size in Rule 15.7.4.1 *(Change B1)* where: *(Change B1, was previously marked Change B6 in error)* 
    - i the subdivision does not result in any resultant site being of a size that could be further subdivided in accordance with the minimum site size performance standards, except as provided for in Rule 15.7.4.1.j.X; and
    - ii all undersized resultant sites are large enough to contain a building platform of at least 7m by 10m that meets the performance standards of this Plan including, but not limited to:
      - 1. outdoor living space;
      - 2. minimum car parking space;
      - 3. setbacks from boundaries, water bodies, significant trees, National Grid transmission lines;
      - 4. esplanade reserves and strips; and
      - 5. maximum building site coverage and impermeable surfaces. {Change B1, was previously marked Change B6 in error}

## 15.10.5.4 Assessment of subdivision performance standard contraventions

Tak	Table 15.10.5 Assessment of subdivision performance standard contraventions			
Performance standard   N		Matters of discretion	Guidance on the assessment of resource consents	
4.	Minimum site size – (Rule 15.7.4.2)	a. Effects on neighbourhood residential character and amenity	<ul> <li>Relevant objectives and policies: <ol> <li>Objective 2.4.1</li> <li>Resultant sites are of a size:</li> <li>that provides for compliance of all relevant land use and development performance standards; and</li> <li>where in a structure plan mapped area, reflects the requirements of the structure plan mapped area performance standards (Policy 2.4.1.8).</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	
			<ul><li>General assessment guidance:</li><li>X. For subdivision concurrent with an application for multi-unit development, Council will generally only grant subdivision consent where the land use consent is also granted.</li></ul>	
			Potential circumstances that may support a consent application include:  iii. The adjustment of site boundaries is necessary to achieve:  1. a more balanced division of site sizes relative to an existing residential buildings size, location or access requirements;  2. better alignment with topographical or other site development constraints; or  3. the protection of heritage items, significant trees, indigenous vegetation, or waterways on a site.	

			Con	nditions of consent that may be imposed:
	Y.	Y.	For subdivision concurrent with an application for multi-unit	
			development or an approved land use consent for multi-unit	
			development but where the development has not been established,	
			a condition requiring that the development is established in	
			accordance with the approved land use consent prior to certification	
		of the survey plan pursuant to section 223 of the RMA.		