



2021-2031 The Future of Us



www.thefutureofus.nz





'Flip out' cover 2021 Consultation document





2021-2031 The Future of Us

tiakina ā tātou rawa looking after what we have

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We have a plan for managing DCC three waters and transport networks for the next 50 years. We've looked 50 years ahead so we can prepare for what the city will need in the future. Once we get past the first 10 years, it's harder to be certain about what will need to be done and when.

We also need to respond to anything that comes up, such as the recent issue of elevated lead readings in the drinking water at Waikouaiti, Karitane and Hawksbury Village. We are working hard to try to find the source of the lead. We are replacing about 5km of old pipe with lead joins in the area. The upgrade of the local treatment plant is planned for the first year of the 10 year plan. That work is

Replacing assets such as ageing water and wastewater pipes is critical. We now know more about our assets than we did three years ago, but we need to learn more. We think that some assets may be in better condition than we expect given their age, and they will still work well, but others may need replacing sooner. In the first three years, our focus will be on fixing the things that need it most. We plan to spend a lot more than we have in the past doing this. At the same time, we will continue our work to get even better information on the condition of our assets and their performance, to help us plan our programme of future work.

If we find that the condition of some of our assets is worse than we expect, we may have to spend more money to fix them. We would be able to pay for this by debt. We could also reprioritise planned spending so we can continue to provide the expected level of service. Either way, we want to make sure that the services we provide to you are maintained. In doing all this work, we need to balance what we do and how we



This means that of our \$1.5 billion capital budget, we'd be spending about \$950 million on replacing things, compared to \$520 million included in our last 10 year plan. This is more than we put aside for the entire capital budget in the last 10 year plan.

The \$950 million will be spent on:



old water, wastewater and stormwater pipes, mains and sewers

Resealing

roads and footpaths,

and retaining walls



Maintaining public facilities such as kerb and channel work, playgrounds, swimming and maintaining bridges pools, toilets, gardens and sportsfield lighting

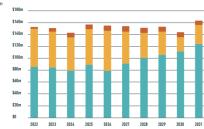


our properties, such as our community housing units

This graph shows how much we plan to spend on replacing and improving things, and on providing for growth in Dunedin.



Replacing things New things Growth



Investing in the right way

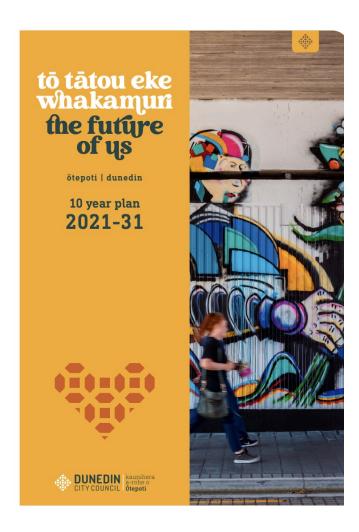
We've taken a lot into account when we've looked at what our capital spending programme should be. We've considered:

- · our assets and their condition
- · prioritising replacing things over new projects
- possible impacts on climate change and zero carbon targets
- our ability to deliver in terms of staff and contractors
 May, before the final plan is adopted.
- . timing what we can get done over the 10 years
- · how we would pay for the work.
- We know delivering a \$1.5 billion work programme will be a big challenge. We're doing a range of things to try to make this happen, such as improving our planning. talking to contractors earlier and doing a better job of managing projects. We are also entering into long term contracts with both designers and construction contractors, to help secure delivery of our projects.
- We'll also be reviewing the capital budget figures in





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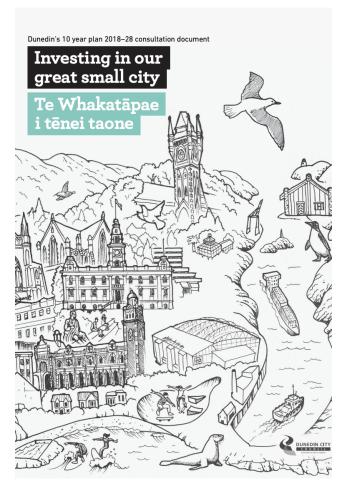


2021 Cover full final document (no flip cover)





2018-2028 Investing in our great small city



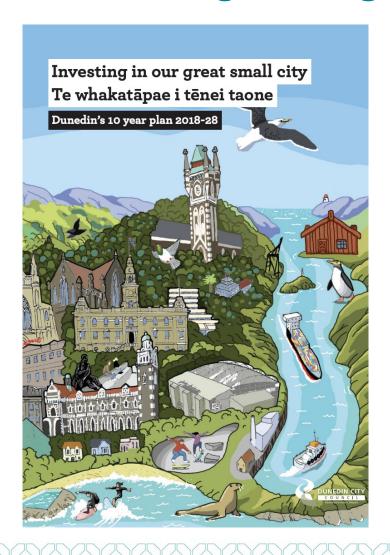


2018 Cover and inside page consultation document





2018-2028 Investing in our great small city



2018 Cover full final document





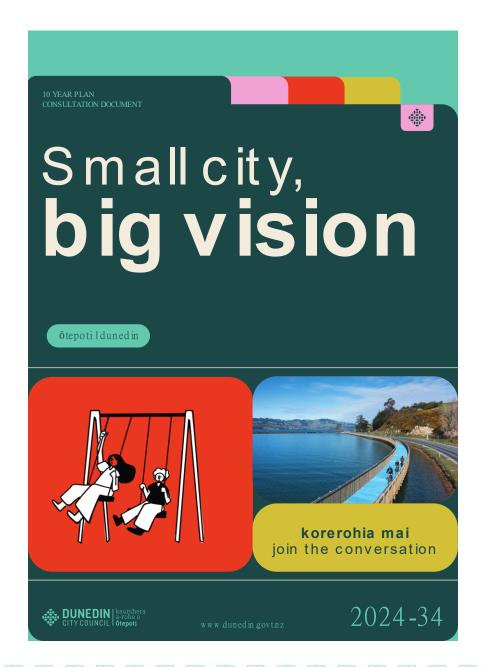
Tag Lines

- Today's Choices for Tomorrow
- Writing our City's Story
- Your World
- Pathways to the Future
- Creating a Bright Future
- What do you Rate Most?
- Creating the Big Picture
- Our Time Our Choice
- Building Our Tomorrow Today
- Your Voice Our city
- Your Voice, We Listen
- Help Us Plan for Tomorrow Today

- Shaping Today Tomorrow
- Creating Our Tomorrow Together
- Let us make DUD GOAT
- Charting Our Own Tomorrow
- We are What We Do
- All In This Together
- Pay It Forward Shape Tomorrow
- Choice is Yours
- Planning the Pathway Forward
- Small City, Big Vision
- Shaping our Tomorrow Together
- Dear Dunedin ...















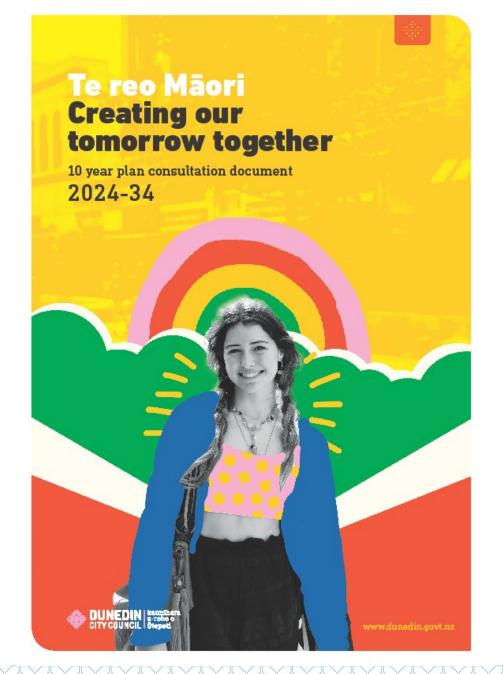






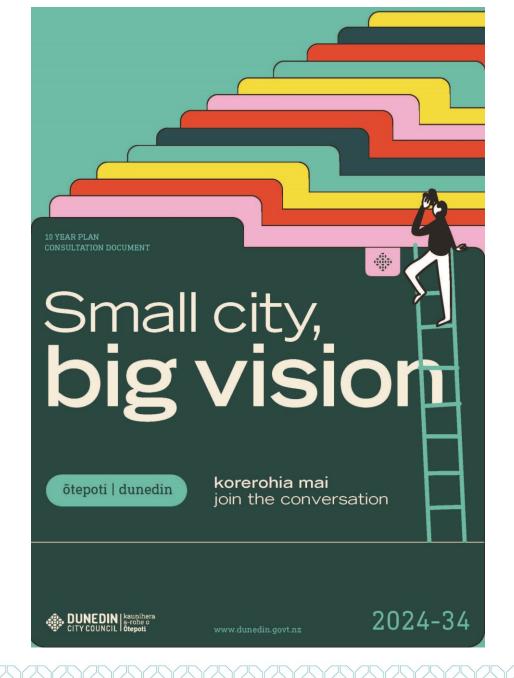


















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Dropbox Design product designer. Chelsi Alise Cocking, on how setbacks can be fulfilling



Dear Dunedin,



Photographer and editor-in Jameela Elfaki on celebrating



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Anyways creative Sylvia Witter on how she interned her way into industry



Have confidence, patience and keep an open mind: Graphic designer Kieron Lewis

As we move forward together, we'd like to know what you hold dear.



CONSULTATION DOCUMENT



Dropbox Design product designer, Chelsi Alise Cocking, on how setbacks can be fulfilling



Adam Hancher fills us in on his role as Wonderbly's in-house illustrator



Photographer and editor-in-chie Jameela Elfaki on celebrating wo



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2024 – 2034

DUNEDIN | kaumihera a-rohe o city council | otepeti www.dunedin.govt.nz



Creative Jamie A Waters on takir financial risks, learning on the joi and landing "dream work"







kā nama debt

Currently we have debt of \$257 million. We need to be able to borrow more money so that we can deliver what we need to do. Our last 10 year plan had a fixed amount that we could borrow of \$350 million. We need to increase the amount we spend on renewing and building new assets, and this borrowing limit will not be enough to let us do that.

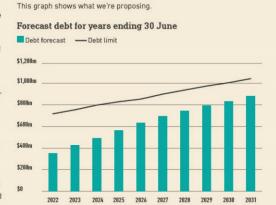
Spending to maintain and renew our assets is a big priority and we need debt to help us do this.

Our draft Financial Strategy sets our debt limit differently, allowing us to borrow up to 250% of our revenue. This new way to set our debt limit is commonly used by big councils across New Zealand. It means we will be able to deliver our planned capital projects, and we could fund any emergency work if we needed to.

The 250% of revenue is a debt limit, not a goal or target. We will only borrow money if we need it. Setting a flexible debt limit will help us deliver our big capital programme for the next 10 years.

The current plans mean we would be borrowing 211% of revenue (\$880 million) by the end of the 10 years. We do have investments that we can use to offset our debt. These investments, worth about \$300 million, are the Waipori Fund, an investment property portfolio and our investment in Council companies.

There is always a trade-off between doing suff and paying for it, and borrowing is one way to try to find a balance. Borrowing spreads the load across generations – some people think this is fair, some don't.



Internal pages





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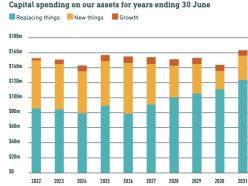
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Internal pages



