Annual Report 2022

Contents	Page
Directors' report	2
Greenhouse gas emissions summary	4
Directors' declarations of interest	5
Statement of responsibility	7
Statement of comprehensive revenue and expense and statement of changes in equity	8
Statement of financial position	9
Statement of cash flows	10
Notes to the financial statements	11
Statement of service performance	23
Directory	25
Report of the Independent auditor	26

Directors' report For the year ended 30 June 2022

This report presents Dunedin Stadium Property Limited's (the Company's) activities and results for the year ended 30 June 2022.

Principal activities of the company

The principal activity of the Company is the ownership of Forsyth Barr Stadium. In particular the Company oversees that the stadium is maintained to a standard that enables it to operate effectively.

Review of operations

During the year the Directors reviewed the Asset Management Plan and are in the process of finalising it. It includes an appropriate budget for assets to be maintained at an operational level, over the next ten years. In some cases, the timing of the maintenance spend may be altered or the budget increased over that in the Asset Management Plan, due to increased costs or so as to provide for a longer life.

Results for the year ended 30 June 2022

The Company recorded a net deficit before subventions and income tax of \$6,997,000 for the year. This is an improvement of \$475,000 over the previous year, resulting from a reduction in depreciation and borrowing costs.

This year no subvention payments were received from companies within the Dunedin City Holdings Limited Group. Subvention payments are dependent on the ongoing profitability of the underlying group of companies owned by Dunedin City Holdings Limited. Instead, the Company has a deferred tax asset in relation to tax losses of \$18,598,000 to carry forward for the current year, which the Company intends to transfer to the Dunedin City Holdings Limited Group in future years by means of subvention payments and tax loss offsets.

The Company continues to work with Dunedin City Holdings Limited and its subsidiary companies on maintaining the cash funding model that has been established for Dunedin Stadium Property Limited through subvention receipts and capital injections.

State of affairs

The Directors consider that the state of affairs of the Company is as anticipated.

Outlook

The Stadium Review in 2015 established the future funding model of the Company through to the year ending 30 June 2025, ensuring the Company is able to maintain its operational, capital, and debt financing requirements.

Directors' report For the year ended 30 June 2022

Changes in accounting policies

There have been no changes in accounting policies.

Borrowings

During the year, all interest payments have been met. Dunedin City Holdings Limited injected capital of \$2,250,000 during the year and a portion of this has been used to settle debt.

Auditors

The Controller and Auditor-General has contracted the audit to Audit New Zealand. The total remuneration payable by the Company to the auditor for the year was \$17,086 (2021: \$16,573).

Directors' interests in contracts

No material contracts involving Directors' interests were entered into during the year ended 30 June 2022 or existed at the end of this twelve month period.

Directors' insurance

As allowed by the Company's Constitution, Dunedin Stadium Property Limited has arranged policies of Directors' Liability Insurance which, together with a deed of indemnity, ensure that the Directors will incur no monetary loss as a result of actions undertaken by them as Directors, provided that they operate within the law.

Directors' remuneration

Director	Position	Rem	nuneration
W H Cockerill	Chair	\$	22,000
K T Cooper	Non- executive director		Nil
L M Robertson	Non- executive director		Nil
C C Hopkins	Non- executive director		Nil
R J Thomson	Non- executive director		Nil
S J Johnstone	Non- executive director		Nil

Directors' benefits

No Director of Dunedin Stadium Property Limited has, since the end of the previous financial year, received or become entitled to receive a benefit other than a benefit included in the total remuneration received or due and receivable by the Directors as shown in the financial statements.

There were no notices from Directors of the Company requesting use of company information received in their capacity as Directors which would not otherwise have been available to them.

Financial statements

The audited financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2022 are attached to this report.

Greenhouse gas emissions summary For the year ended 30 June 2022

The Dunedin City Holdings Limited Group continues to annually assess and measure its Greenhouse Gas (GHG) emissions.

This process is completed in accordance with the requirements of the Greenhouse Gas Protocol: A Corporate Accounting and Reporting Standard (2004) and ISO 14064-1:2006 Specification with Guidance at the Organisation Level for Quantification and Reporting of Greenhouse Gas Emissions and Removals.

Results

All emissions associated with the Company's asset – Forsyth Barr Stadium – are measured and reported by Dunedin Venues Management Limited, as the entity that makes decisions regarding the operation of the asset.

There is a small amount of administrative servicing conducted for Dunedin Stadium Property Limited by the Dunedin City Holdings Limited management team; emissions associated with that work are captured within Dunedin City Holdings Limited's emissions measurement, which is reported in that entity's Annual Report.

Dunedin Stadium Property Limited therefore has zero emissions to report directly.

Directors' declarations of interest For the year ended 30 June 2022

Director Declarations of Interests

William H Cockerill

7 June 2016 - present

Chair, Dunedin Stadium Property Limited
Director, Robotic Technologies Limited

Director and Shareholder, Octa Associates Limited Director and Shareholder, Octa Group Limited

Keith T Cooper Director & Chair, Dunedin City Holdings Limited

1 July 2018 - present Director & Chair, Dunedin City Treasury Limited

Director & Chair, Dunedin Railways Limited Director, Dunedin Stadium Property Limited Director, Miller Creative Group Limited Owner/Director, Littlebrook Farm Limited

Linda M Robertson Chair, Audit and Risk Committee, Central Otago District Council

1 July 2018 - 17 October 2022 Chair, Central Lakes Trust

Chair, Crown Irrigation Investments Limited
Director, Dunedin City Holdings Limited
Director, Dunedin City Treasury Limited
Director, Dunedin Stadium Property Limited

Director, Dunedin Railways Limited

Director, NZ Local Government Funding Agency

Director, Alpine Energy Limited
Director, Central Lakes Direct Limited

Director and Shareholder, RML Consulting Limited Member, Risk and Audit Committee, The Treasury

Member, Capital Markets Advisory Committee, The Treasury

Kiwi Wealth companies comprising of: Kiwi Wealth Management Ltd, Kiwi Wealth Investments General Partnership Ltd, Kiwi Investment Management Ltd, Kiwi Wealth Ltd, Portfolio Custodial Nominees Ltd Member, Audit and Risk Committee, Office of the Auditor-General and

Audit New Zealand - effective January 2022

Richard J Thomson Director, Dunedin City Holdings Limited

1 July 2020 - present

Director, Dunedin City Treasury Limited
Director, Dunedin Stadium Property Limited

Director, Dunedin Stadium Property Limited

Director, Dunedin Railways Limited
Director and Shareholder, Thomson & Cessford Ltd (T/A Acquisitions)

Chair, Hawksbury Community Living Trust (and subsidiary entities)

Trustee, Healthcare Otago Charitable Trust

Director, Central Otago Health Services Limited - appointed 6

December 2021

Directors' declarations of interest For the year ended 30 June 2022

Director Declarations of Interests

Christopher C Hopkins

25 June 2019 - 24 June 2022

Chair, Health Central Limited
Director, Oakwood Group Limited
Director, Our Planit Limited
Director, Spade Work Limited
Director, GW Batts Trustee Limited

Director, Dunedin City Holdings Limited - ceased 24 June 2022 Director, Dunedin City Treasury Limited - ceased 24 June 2022 Director, Dunedin Stadium Property Limited - ceased 24 June 2022

Director, Dunedin Railways Limited - ceased 24 June 2022

Director, Bletsoe Securities Limited

Director, Veritide Limited - appointed 1 August 2021

Director, Farra Engineering Limited - appointed 1 October 2021

Director, J B Frame & Son Ltd

Director and Shareholder, Southmed Limited Director and Shareholder, INMR Measure Limited Director and Shareholder, Mimeo Industrial Limited

Director and Shareholder, CompanyHQ Limited - Appointed 3

September 2021

Susie J Johnstone

1 March 2021 - present

Director, Dunedin City Holdings Limited Director, Dunedin City Treasury Limited Director, Dunedin Stadium Property Limited

Director, Dunedin Railways Limited

Director & Shareholder, Shand Thomson Chartered Accountants Member, Office of the Auditor General Audit & Risk Committee -

ceased December 2021

Director & Shareholder, Johnstone Afforestation

Trustee, Dunedin Diocese Trust Board Trustee, Clutha Community Foundation

Trustee of various client trusts through Shand Thomson & Abacus

Nominee Companies

Statement of responsibility For the year ended 30 June 2022

The Board of Dunedin Stadium Property Limited accepts responsibility for the preparation of the annual financial statements and the judgements used in them;

The Board of Dunedin Stadium Property Limited accepts responsibility for establishing and maintaining a system of internal control designed to provide reasonable assurance as to the integrity and reliability of financial reporting; and

In the opinion of the Board of Dunedin Stadium Property Limited, the annual financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 fairly reflect the financial position and operations of Dunedin Stadium Property Limited.

Chair

30 November 2022

Director

30 November 2022

Statement of comprehensive revenue and expense
For the year ended 30 June 2022

	Note	2022 \$'000	2021 \$'000
Operating revenue	1	2,445	2,413
Financial revenue	2	-	-
Total revenue	_	2,445	2,413
Less expenses:			
Operating expenses	4	1,079	765
Interest expense	3	2,275	2,974
Depreciation	6	6,088	6,146
Total expenditure	_	9,442	9,885
Surplus / (deficit) before tax and subvention Subvention receipt	_	(6,997) -	(7,472)
Surplus / (deficit) before tax	_	(6,997)	(7,469)
Income tax expense / (benefit)	5	-	(1)
Net surplus / (deficit) after tax	_	(6,997)	(7,468)
Other comprehensive revenue and expense: Interest rate swap hedges gains (losses) during the year		-	1,010
Total comprehensive revenue and expense for th	e year	(6,997)	(6,458)
		•	

Statement of changes in equity For the year ended 30 June 2022

		2022	2021
		\$'000	\$'000
Opening Equity		65,089	69,297
Share Capital Contributions	12	2,250	2,250
Total comprehensive revenue and expense for the year	12	(6,997)	(6,458)
Closing Equity	<u>-</u>	60,342	65,089

Statement of financial position As at 30 June 2022			
	Note	2022	2021
		\$'000	\$'000
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	9	47	19
Trade and other receivables	10	-	_
Total current assets		47	19
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	6	145,718	151,805
Total non-current assets		145,718	151,805
Total assets		145,765	151,824
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	11	693	395
Current portion of term borrowings	7	-	-
Total current liabilities	_	693	395
Non-current liabilities			
Term borrowings	7	84,730	86,340
Total non-current liabilities	_	84,730	86,340
Equity			
Share capital	12	127,179	124,929
Cash flow hedge reserve	12	-	-
Accumulated comprehensive revenue and expense	12	(66,837)	(59,840)
Total equity	_	60,342	65,089
Total liabilities and equity	<u> </u>	145,765	151,824

Statement of cash flows For the Year Ended 30 June 2022			
	Note	2022	2021
Cash flow from operating activities Cash was provided from:		\$'000	\$'000
Receipts from customers		2,445	2,413
Subvention receipts Interest received		-	3
Net GST received		- -	
Net do received		2,445	2,416
Cash was disbursed to:		•	•
Interest paid		2,030	3,235
Net GST paid		(14)	3
Payments to suppliers		1,041	761
Subvention receipts repaid		3,057	1,021 5,020
		3,037	3,020
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	17	(612)	(2,604)
Cash flow from investing activities Cash was disbursed to:			
Net purchase of property, plant and equipment		-	55
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from investing activities	_	-	(55)
Cash flow from financing activities Cash was provided from:			
Shareholder capital		2,250	2,250
		2,250	2,250
Cash was disbursed to:		4.640	(405)
Net repayment of borrowings/(borrowings made)		1,610 1,610	(405) (405)
		1,610	(405)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from financing activities	_	640	2,655
Net increase/(decrease) in cash		28	(4)
Opening cash and cash equivalents		19	23
Closing cash and cash equivalents	9	47	19

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 30 June 2022

Reporting entity

The financial statements presented here are for the reporting entity Dunedin Stadium Property Limited (the Company).

Dunedin Stadium Property Limited is a Council Controlled Organisation as defined in the Local Government Act 2002. The Company, incorporated in New Zealand under the Companies Act 1993, is wholly owned by Dunedin City Holdings Limited, and its ultimate shareholder is Dunedin City Council.

The registered address of the Company is 50 The Octagon, Dunedin.

The primary objective of Dunedin Stadium Property Limited is to own and maintain the Forsyth Barr Stadium and receive a rental from the tenant.

The financial statements of the Company are for the year ended 30 June 2022.

Dunedin Stadium Property Limited is a Public Benefit Entity.

Statement of compliance

Under the accounting standards framework, the Company is deemed a Tier 2 PBE (RDR) on the basis that it is not considered publicly accountable or large (expenditure is less than \$30m per annum).

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Directors on 30 November 2022.

Basis of preparation

The Financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the LGA 2002, which includes the requirements to comply with NZ GAAP.

The financial statements have been prepared on an historical cost basis, except for the revaluation of derivative financial instruments.

These financial statements are presented in New Zealand dollars because that is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates.

The accounting policies set out below have been applied in preparing the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2022 and the comparative information for the year ended 30 June 2021.

Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities are recognised net of the amount of Goods and Services Tax (GST), except for trade receivables and trade payables which are recognised inclusive of GST.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 30 June 2022

Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

In preparing these financial statements, estimates and assumptions have been made concerning the future. These estimates and assumptions may differ from the subsequent actual result. Estimates and assumptions are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations or future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. No estimates or assumptions made are considered to have a material risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

At each balance date, the useful lives and residual values of property, plant and equipment are reviewed. Assessing the appropriateness of useful life and residual value estimates requires a number of factors to be considered such as the physical condition of the asset, expected period of use of the asset, and expected disposal proceeds from the future sale of the asset.

Critical judgements in applying accounting policies

There have been no critical judgements in applying accounting policies for the year ended 30 June 2022.

Changes in accounting policies

There has been no change in accounting policies. Policies for the current year and comparative year have been applied on a consistent basis.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 30 June 2022

1. Operating Revenue

Accounting policy

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, net of discounts and GST.

Revenue from services rendered is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity. The stage of completion at balance date is assessed based on the value of services performed to date as a percentage of the total services to be performed.

Rental income from operating leases is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

Subvention receipts are received in two forms by the Company, annual contracted subvention amounts paid by companies within the consolidated tax group and subvention receipts to the value of the losses available to be utilised by companies within the consolidated tax group. Annual subvention receipts are recognised when due and payable. Subvention receipt for loss utilisation is recognised upon completion of the consolidated tax return.

	2022	2021
	\$'000	\$'000
Rentals and reimbursements from Dunedin Venues Management Ltd	2,445	2,413

2. Financial Revenue

Accounting policy

Interest income is accrued, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount.

	2022	2021
	\$'000	\$'000
Interest received from funds on deposit	-	_

The rate of interest earned on deposits is 0.81% (2021: 0.25% p.a.)

3. Interest Expense

Accounting policy

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to prepare for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in the statement of comprehensive revenue and expense in the period in which they are incurred.

	2022	2021
	\$'000	\$'000
Interest to Dunedin City Treasury Ltd	2,275	2,974

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 30 June 2022

4. Operating Expenses

	2022	2021
	\$'000	\$'000
Audit fees - for audit of financial statements	17	17
Directors remuneration	22	21
Other expenses	1,040	727
Total operating expenses	1,079	765

5. Taxation

Accounting policy

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive revenue and expense because it excludes items of revenue or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted by the balance date.

Deferred tax is the tax expected to be payable or recoverable on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit, and is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each balance date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the statement of financial performance, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity.

	2022 \$'000	2021 \$'000
Surplus / (deficit) for the year before income tax	(6,997)	(7,469)
Income tax credit at 28%	(1,959)	(2,091)
Tax effect of following adjustments		
Non-deductible building depreciation	189	189
Deferred tax on losses not recognised	1,770	1,901
Tax losses to be utilised	-	-
Adjustment to previous years taxation provision	<u> </u>	
Income tax expense / (benefit)	 -	(1)

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 30 June 2022

The Company has not recognised a deferred tax asset in relation to tax losses of \$18,598,000 (2021: \$12,278,000) and temporary differences of nil (2021: nil).

The Company intends to transfer the tax losses to the DCC Group in future years by means of subvention payments and tax loss offsets.

6. Property, Plant and Equipment

Accounting policy

Property, plant and equipment are those assets held by the Company for the purpose of carrying on its business activities on an ongoing basis.

The Company's entire property, plant and equipment (known as Foryth Barr Stadium) is subject to an operating lease with Dunedin Venues Management Limited.

All property, plant and equipment is stated at cost less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets on the straight-line basis. Rates used have been calculated to allocate the assets cost less estimated residual value over their estimated remaining useful lives. Depreciation commences when the assets are ready for their intended use.

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items of property, plant and equipment.

Depreciation rates and methods used are as follows:

	Rate	Method
Buildings	2%	Straight line
Fit out	2% to 30%	Straight line
Pitch construction	7.5%	Straight line
External site works	2% to 20%	Straight line
Furniture, fittings & equipment	6% to 8.5%	Straight line

Impairment of assets

At each balance date, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any sich indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any).

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. Value in use is determined using an approach based on either a depreciated replacement cost approach, restoration cost approach, or a service units approach.

If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is immediately recognised as an expense.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 30 June 2022

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but only to the extent that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is immediately recognised as revenue.

2022	Land	Buildings	Fit out	Pitch construction	External site works	Fixtures fittings & equipment	Total
	\$'000	\$ ′000	\$ ′000	\$ ′000	\$ ′000	\$ ′000	\$ ′000
Cost							
Balance at beginning of year Additions	28,526 -	126,465 -	47,015 -	2,415	7,171 -	12,077 -	223,669 -
Disposals	_	_	(8)	_	-	(6)	(14)
Balance at end of year	28,526	126,465	47,007	2,415	7,171	12,071	223,655
Accumulated depreciation							
Balance at beginning of year	-	25,082	32,766	2,192	2,217	9,607	71,864
Depreciation	-	2,529	2,601	61	207	689	6,088
Disposals	-	-	(8)	-	-	(6)	(14)
	-	27,611	35,359	2,253	2,424	10,290	77,937
Net book value at end of year	28,526	98,854	11,648	162	4,747	1,781	145,718
2021	Land	Buildings	Fit out	Pitch construction	External site works	Fixtures fittings & equipment	Total
	\$ ′000	\$'000	\$ ′000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Cost							
Balance at beginning of year	28,526	126,465	46,960	2,415	7,171	12,077	223,614
Additions	-	-	55	-	-	-	55
Balance at end of year	28,526	126,465	47,015	2,415	7,171	12,077	223,669
Accumulated depreciation							
Balance at beginning of year	-	22,553	30,130	2,131	2,004	8,900	65,718
Depreciation	-	2,529	2,636	61	213	707	6,146
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	25,082	32,766	2,192	2,217	9,607	71,864
Net book value at end of year	28,526	101,383	14,249	223	4,954	2,470	151,805

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 30 June 2022

7. Term Borrowings

Accounting policy

Term borrowings are initially recorded net of directly attributable transaction costs and are measured at subsequent reporting dates at amortised cost. The total facility amount available to the Company is \$94.00 million. Finance charges are accounted for on an accrual basis to the statement of financial performance using the effective interest method and are included in note 11.

	2022	2021
	\$'000	\$'000
Loan Balance owing to Dunedin City Treasury Limited	84,730	86,340

A debt repayment programme is in place and reviewed annually. Term borrowings are planned to be reduced each year with any surplus funds available after expenses.

The Company continues to work with Dunedin City Holdings Limited and its subsidiary companies on maintaining the cash funding model that has been in place through subvention receipts and equity funding contributions of \$2.25 million per year.

The weighted average interest rate for the loan facility at year end was 2.66% (2021: 3.45%).

8. Financial Instruments

Accounting Policy

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised on the Company's statement of financial position when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. All financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised at amortised cost.

Capital risk management

When managing capital, management's objective is to ensure the entity continues as a going concern. The Company is undercapitalised, however the Company has uncalled capital of \$117,821,000 and the Company's ability to make calls on this uncalled capital will enable the Company to manage the capital risk.

Categories of financial instruments	2022 \$'000	2021 \$'000
Financial assets:		
Bank current account	47	19
Rent receivable	-	-
Subvention payment receivable	-	-
Income tax receivable	-	-
Financial liabilities:		
Creditors and accrued expenses	60	21
Interest accrued	607	362
Borrowings (current and non-current)	84,730	86,340

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 30 June 2022

9. Cash and cash Equivalents

Accounting policy

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities in the statement of financial position.

	2022	2021
	\$'000	\$'000
Bank current account	47	19
	47	19

Cash and short-term deposits comprise cash held by the Company and short-term deposits. The carrying amount of these assets approximates their fair value.

10. Trade and Other Receivables

Accounting policy

Trade and other receivables are stated at cost less any expected credit losses.

	2022	2021
	\$'000	\$'000
Subvention payment receivable	-	-
Income tax receivable	-	-
GST Receivable		
	-	-
Total receivables comprise:		
Receivables from non-exchange transactions	-	-
Receivables from exchange transactions	-	-

11. Trade and Other Payables

Accounting policy
Trade and other payables are stated at cost.

	2022	2021
	\$'000	\$'000
Trade creditors and accrued expenses	60	21
Interest accrued	607	362
GST Payable	26	12
	693	395

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 30 June 2022

12. Equity	2022 \$'000	2021 \$'000
Share capital	\$ 000	\$ 000
Shares on issue \$1 per share	245,000	245,000
Called and fully paid capital:		
Opening balance	124,929	122,679
Call on capital during the year	2,250	2,250
Balance at the end of the year	127,179	124,929
Uncalled capital	117,821	120,071

The Dunedin City Council transferred its shareholding to its wholly owned subsidiary Dunedin City Holdings Limited on 30 June 2016.

Fully paid ordinary shares carry one vote per share, carry a right to dividends and, upon winding up, a pro rata share of the Company's net assets.

Cash flow hedge reserve	2022	2021
	\$'000	\$'000
Opening balance	-	(1,010)
Interest rate swap hedges gains (losses) during the year		1,010
Balance at the end of the year		-
Accumulated comprehensive revenue and expense		
Opening Balance	(59,840)	(52,372)
Net surplus / (deficit) for the year after taxation	(6,997)	(7,468)
Balance at the end of the year	(66,837)	(59,840)

13. Capital Expenditure and Operating Lease Commitments

Capital commitments

The Company had no capital expenditure commitments at year end (2021: \$nil).

Operating lease commitments as lessee

The Company had no operating lease commitments as lessee at year end (2021: nil).

Operating lease commitments as lessor

The Company has entered into a rental agreement with Dunedin Venues Management Limited to rent the stadium assets for a term of 20 years from 1 August 2011.

	2022	2021
	\$'000	\$'000
Rent receivable within one year	2,000	2,000
Rent receivable between one to five years	8,000	8,000
Rent receivable later than five years	8,167	10,167
	18,167	20,167

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 30 June 2022

14. Contingent Liabilities

There were no contingent liabilities at year end (2021: \$nil).

15. Related Party Transactions

Transactions with Dunedin City Council and its controlled entities:

The Company provided services and traded with Dunedin City Council and its controlled entities in respect of the following transactions:

	2022	2021
	\$'000	\$'000
Dunedin City Council		
Rates paid	157	154
	157	154
Dunedin City Treasury Limited		
Interest paid	2,275	2,974
	2,275	2,974
As at balance date:	•	
Payable to Dunedin City Treasury Ltd:		
Loan – refer Note 7	84,730	86,340
Interest accrued	607	362
Subvention payment receivable/(payable)		-
	85,337	86,702
Dunedin Venues Management Limited		
Rent and costs received	2,445	2,413
Management fee paid	(70)	(70)
Reimbursements for asset management and maintenance	(217)	(240)
	2,158	2,103
As at balance date:		
Payable to Dunedin Venues Management Limited:	41	_
Subvention payment receivable/(payable)	-	-
	41	_
City Forests Limited		
Subvention payment received	-	_
	-	_

No related party debts have been written off or forgiven during the year and no provision has been required for impairment of any receivables to related parties.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 30 June 2022

Compensation of key management personnel

The remuneration of Directors during the year was \$22,000 (2021: \$21,278).

A management agreement is in place with the Dunedin City Council to provide management resources to the Company. The necessary governance is provided by the Directors of the Company. Other than the Chair, the Directors of the Company are also the Directors of Dunedin City Holdings Limited and as such, are remunerated by Dunedin City Holdings Limited.

16. Going Concern

The financial statements have been prepared using the going concern assumption.

The Company has recorded a net deficit after taxation of \$6,997,000 and net working capital of (\$646,000) at 30 June 2022.

This year no subvention payments were received from companies within the Dunedin City Holdings Limited Group. The ability to make subvention payments is dependent on the ongoing profitability of the Dunedin City Consolidated Income Tax Group. Instead, the Company has a deferred tax asset in relation to tax losses of \$18,598,000 to carry forward as at 30 June 2022, which the Company intends to transfer to the Dunedin City Holdings Limited Group in future years by means of subvention payments and tax loss offsets.

The Company's position is mitigated by the uncalled capital of \$117,821,000 available to it. Under its Constitution, the uncalled capital can be drawn by the Company on demand as and when required.

17. Reconciliation of Net Deficit for the Year to Cash Flows from Operating Activities	2022 \$'000	2021 \$'000
Net surplus / (deficit) for the year after taxation	(6,997)	(7,468)
Items not involving cash flows		
Depreciation	6,088	6,146
Impact of changes in working capital items		
(Increase) /decrease in subvention payment receivable	-	-
(Increase) /decrease in income tax receivable	-	-
Increase / (decrease) in GST payable	14	(3)
Increase / (decrease) in trade and other payables	38	(1,018)
Increase / (decrease) in interest accrued	245	(261)
Net cash flow from operating activities	(612)	(2,604)

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 30 June 2022

18. Covid-19

Covid-19 has not had a direct impact on the Company in the year under review.

19. Events After Balance Date

There have been no significant events since balance date.

Statement of service performance For the Year Ended 30 June 2022

Performance targets

- 1 An Asset Management Plan is in place.
- The Asset Management Plan is internally reviewed annually, and externally reviewed every three years (next in FY24).
- Asset maintenance is compliant with the Asset Management Plan schedules and principles, including condition based assessments.
- 4 Incorporate potential impacts of climate change on Forsyth Barr Stadium into Asset Management Plan and/or risk management.
- A debt repayment program is in place and is reviewed by the board annually.
- A draft 2022/2023 Statement of Intent will be submitted to the shareholder by 1 March 2022.
- 7 Systems for measuring and publicly reporting carbon emissions are established. DSPL will develop an emissions reduction strategy and associated targets for inclusion in its 2022/2023 Statement of Intent.
- 8 Develop a waste reduction strategy and associated targets for inclusion in the 2022/2023 Statement of Intent.
- 9 Escalate DSPL strategic or operational matters which could compromise the Council's community outcomes, to the shareholder in a timely manner.
- 10 To report matters of substance to the shareholder within 24 hours of the board becoming aware.

Performance targets achieved

Achieved. An Asset Management Plan is in place.

Achieved. The Asset Management Plan has been internally reviewed during the 2022 financial year and is currently being finalised.

Achieved. Asset maintenance is compliant with the Asset Management Plan.

Achieved. Potential impacts of climate change on Forsyth Barr Stadium are incorporated into Asset Management Plan and/or risk management.

Achieved. A debt repayment program is in place and was reviewed during the 2022 financial year. Debt decreased by \$1,610k this year. It is expected that subvention receipts will resume during the next financial year which will enable further reduction of debt.

Achieved. The draft 2021/2022 Statement of Intent was submitted to DCHL and DCC by 1 March 2021.

Achieved. Systems for measuring and publicly reporting carbon emissions are in place. During the year an emissions reduction strategy and associated targets were developed.

Achieved. During the year a waste reduction strategy and associated targets were developed.

Achieved. There were no matters requiring escalation to the shareholder.

Achieved. There were no matters of substance to report to the shareholder.

Statement of service performance For the Year Ended 30 June 2022

Financial forecasts	\$'000	Achievement	\$'000
EBITDA	2,854	EBITDA	1,366
Net surplus/(deficit) after tax	(5,418)	Net surplus/(deficit) after tax	(6,997)
Cash flow from operations	404	Cash flow from operations	(612)
Capital expenditure	1,219	Capital expenditure	-
Term loans	84,810	Term loans	84,730
Shareholder's funds to total assets	42%	Shareholder's funds to total assets	41%
Dividend distributions	Nil	Dividend distributions	Nil

The financial forecasts in the Statement of Intents were impacted by reduced subventions receipts. The Company continues to work with Dunedin City Holdings Limited and its subsidiary companies on maintaining the cash funding model that has been in place through subvention receipts. The operating deficit before tax and subventions for the year of \$6,997,000 is largely consistent with the budgeted operating deficit before tax and subventions of \$6,472,000.

Directory As at 30 June 2022

Directors

William H Cockerill Keith T Cooper Linda M Robertson Richard J Thomson Susie J Johnstone

Registered office

50 The Octagon Dunedin 9016

Bankers

Westpac Banking Corporation

Solicitors

Anderson Lloyd

Taxation advisors

Deloitte

Auditor

Audit New Zealand on behalf of the Controller and Auditor-General



Independent Auditor's Report

To the readers of Dunedin Stadium Property Limited's financial statements and statement of service performance for the year ended 30 June 2022

The Auditor-General is the auditor of Dunedin Stadium Property Limited (the company). The Auditor-General has appointed me, Rudie Tomlinson, using the staff and resources of Audit New Zealand, to carry out the audit of the financial statements and statement of service performance of the company on his behalf.

Opinion

We have audited:

- the financial statements of the company on pages 8 to 22, that comprise the statement of
 financial position as at 30 June 2022, the statement of comprehensive revenue and expense,
 statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year ended on that date
 and the notes to the financial statements that include accounting policies and other
 explanatory information; and
- the statement of service performance of the company on pages 23 to 24.

In our opinion:

- the financial statements of the company on pages 8 to 22:
 - present fairly, in all material respects:
 - its financial position as at 30 June 2022; and
 - its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended; and
 - comply with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand in accordance with Public Benefit Entity Reporting Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime; and
- the statement of service performance of the company on pages 23 to 24 presents fairly, in all material respects, the company's actual performance compared against the performance targets and other measures by which performance was judged in relation to the company's objectives for the year ended 30 June 2022.

Our audit was completed on 30 November 2022. This is the date at which our opinion is expressed.

The basis for our opinion is explained below. In addition, we outline the responsibilities of the Board of Directors and our responsibilities relating to the financial statements and the statement of serve performance, we comment on other information, and we explain our independence.

Basis for our opinion

We carried out our audit in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, which incorporate the Professional and Ethical Standards and the International Standards on Auditing (New Zealand) issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Responsibilities of the auditor section of our report.

We have fulfilled our responsibilities in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of the Board of Directors for the financial statements and the statement of service performance

The Board of Directors is responsible on behalf of the company for preparing financial statements that are fairly presented and that comply with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand.

The Board of Directors is also responsible for preparing the statement of service performance for the company.

The Board of Directors is responsible for such internal control as it determines is necessary to enable it to prepare financial statements and statement of service performance that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements and the statement of service performance, the Board of Directors is responsible on behalf of the company for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern. The Board of Directors is also responsible for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting, unless the Board of Directors intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors' responsibilities arise from the Local Government Act 2002.

Responsibilities of the auditor for the audit of the financial statements and the statement of service performance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements and the statement of service performance, as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit carried out in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements are differences or omissions of amounts or disclosures, and can arise from fraud or error. Misstatements are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the decisions of readers, taken on the basis of these financial statements and the statement of service performance.

We did not evaluate the security and controls over the electronic publication of the financial statements and the statement of service performance.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. Also:

- We identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements and the statement of service performance, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- We obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
 an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- We evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Board of Directors.
- We evaluate the appropriateness of the reported statement of service performance within the company's framework for reporting its performance.
- We conclude on the appropriateness of the use of the going concern basis of accounting by the Board of Directors and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements and the statement of service performance or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- We evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements and the statement of service performance, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements and the statement of service performance represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Board of Directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Our responsibilities arise from the Public Audit Act 2001.

Other information

The Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included on pages 1 to 7 and page 25, but does not include the financial statements and the statement of service performance, and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements and the statement of service performance does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of audit opinion or assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements and the statement of service performance, our responsibility is to read the other information. In doing so, we consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements and the statement of service performance or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on our work, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Independence

We are independent of the company in accordance with the independence requirements of the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, which incorporate the independence requirements of Professional and Ethical Standard 1: International Code of Ethics for Assurance Practitioners issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board.

A Board member of the Company was a member of the Auditor-General's Audit and Risk Committee until December 2021. Since March 2022, another Board member of the Company became a member of the Auditor-General's Audit and Risk Committee. The Auditor-General's Audit and Risk Committee is regulated by a Charter that specifies that it should not assume any management functions. There are appropriate safeguards to reduce any threat to auditor independence, as the members of the Auditor-General's Audit and Risk Committee have no involvement in, or influence over, the audit of the Company.

Other than the audit, and the relationship with the Auditor-General's Audit and Risk Committee, we have no relationship with or interests in the Company.

Rudie Tomlinson

Audit New Zealand

On behalf of the Auditor-General

Dunedin, New Zealand